



HSBC Mutual Fund



SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

SECTION – I

HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund

(An open ended Target Maturity Index Fund tracking CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027. A Relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk)

Continuous Offer of Units at NAV based prices

Potential Risk Class				Product Labeling: To provide investors an easy understanding of the kind of product / scheme they are investing in and its suitability to them, the product labeling is as under:		
Credit Risk / Interest Rate Risk	Relatively Low (Class A)	Moderate (Class B)	Relatively High (Class C)	This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer (as applicable)
Relatively Low (Class I)				- Income over target maturity period - Investments in Government Securities and Tbills^		As per AMFI Tier 1 Benchmark Index: CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - June 2027
Moderate (Class II)						
Relatively High (Class III)	A-III					
A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.						
Potential Risk Class ('PRC') matrix indicates the maximum interest rate risk (measured by Macaulay Duration of the scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk Value of the scheme) the fund manager can take in the scheme. PRC matrix classification is done in accordance with and subject to the methodology / guidelines prescribed by SEBI to help investors take informed decision based on the maximum interest rate risk and maximum credit risk the fund manager can take in the scheme, as depicted in PRC matrix.						

Name of Mutual Fund	Name of Asset Management Company	Name of Trustee Company
HSBC Mutual Fund 9-11 Floors, NESCO IT Park, Building No. 3, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063, India	HSBC Asset Management (India) Private Limited CIN – U74140MH2001PTC134220 Regd. & Corp. Office: 9-11 Floors, NESCO IT Park, Building No. 3, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063, India	HSBC Trustees (India) Private Limited CIN –U66190MH2024PTC416973 Regd. Office: 52/60 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort Mumbai 400001, India
Website: www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in		

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of HSBC Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated June 28, 2024.

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PART I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund
II.	Category of the Scheme	Index Fund
III.	Scheme type	An open-ended Target Maturity Index Fund tracking CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027. A Relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.
IV.	Scheme code	HSBC/O/D/DIN/23/01/0035
V.	Investment objective	The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide returns corresponding to the total returns of the securities as represented by the CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 before expenses, subject to tracking errors. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.
VI.	Liquidity/listing details	Being an open-ended Scheme, Units may be purchased or redeemed on every Business Day at NAV based prices, subject to provisions of exit load, if any. As per para 14.1 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the Fund shall transfer the redemption / repurchase proceeds within 3 working Days, from the date of acceptance of redemption request. Further, as per AMFI circular no. AMFI/35P/MEM-COR/74/2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in case of exceptional situations the AMC might follow the additional timelines for making redemption payments. Currently, the scheme is not intended to be listed on any stock exchange.
VII.	Benchmark Index (i.e. First Tier Benchmark based on the PRC)	As per AMFI Tier I benchmark – CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027
VIII.	NAV disclosure	NAV of the Scheme / Option(s) shall be made available at all Investor Service Centers of the AMC. The AMC shall update the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day. NAV of the Segregated Portfolio, if any, shall be declared on daily basis. Further Details in Section II.
IX.	Applicable timelines	Timeline for - i. Dispatch of redemption proceeds - As per para 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the Fund shall dispatch/transfer the redemption /

		repurchase proceeds within 3 working days, from the date of acceptance of redemption request at any of the Investor Service Centres. Further, as per AMFI circular no. AMFI/35P/MEM-COR/74/2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in case of exceptional situations the AMC might follow the additional timelines for making redemption payments. ii. Dispatch of IDCW (if applicable) etc. - As per para 11.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 the AMC shall dispatch/credit payment of the dividend proceeds within 7 working days from the record date.
X.	Plans and Options Plans/ Options and sub-options under the Scheme	Plans under the Scheme: • Direct Plan • Regular Plan Both the Plans have following options - • Growth • Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option (IDCW) Sub-options under IDCW: • Payout of IDCW • Reinvestment of IDCW The Growth Option shall be default Option under the Plans of the Scheme and Reinvestment of IDCW shall be default Sub Option. For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI.
XI.	Load Structure	Exit Load: Nil Upfront commission shall be paid directly by the investor to the AMFI registered Distributors based on the investor's assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributors. The exit loads set forth above is subject to change at the discretion of the AMC and such changes shall be implemented prospectively.
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/ switch-in	On continuous basis For lumpsum investments: Rs. 5,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter. Minimum application amount is applicable for switch-ins as well.

		Note: Allotment of units will be done after deduction of applicable stamp duty and transaction charges, if any.
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Rs 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re.1 thereafter or 50 Units in multiples of 0.01 units thereafter.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	Not applicable
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	Not Applicable Face value of Rs. 10/- per unit
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/ side pocketing disclosure	The AMC may create segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments in a mutual fund scheme in case of a credit event /actual default and deal with the liquidity risk. Currently, the scheme does not have any segregated portfolio. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	In case of severe liquidity stress or a severe dysfunction at market level, the Swing Pricing guidelines get triggered which offers the contingency plan in case all else fails. For details, kindly refer SAI.
XIX.	Stock lending/ short selling	Not Applicable
XX.	How to apply and other details	Investor can apply for HSBC Mutual Fund scheme in physical form or Demat form. For Investors, who wish to opt for holding Units in Demat mode, the applicants under the scheme (including a transferee) will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant(DP) of NSDL / CDSL Investor can also chose to invest through the Fund's website, i.e., https://invest.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in. or the 'Invest Xpress' mobile application or the website of the Fund's Registrar & Transfer Agent (CAMS), i.e. www.camsonline.com The applications filled up and duly signed by the applicants may be submitted at the AMC Investor Service Centres(ISC) / CAMS Service Centre/ Official Points of Acceptance. Please check weblink (List of Official Point of Acceptance (OPA), Collection Bankers etc.) for an updated list of the Official Points of Acceptance, collecting banker of HSBC Mutual Fund.

		The investor can also apply through website/mobile application of MFUI which shall be eligible to be considered as ‘official points of acceptance’ for all financial and non-financial transactions in the schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund electronically. Investors are required to complete Common KYC formalities and ensure that the PAN is linked to Aadhaar for all the holders. For more details refer Section II.
XXI.	Investor services	Contact details for general service requests and complaint resolution: The investor can write to investor.line@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in for any enquiries and complaints. The Fund will endeavour to resolve them promptly. Please visit our website www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in for more details on grievance redressal mechanism. Mr. Ankur Banthiya is currently designated as the Investor Relations Officer. His contact details are as follows: HSBC Asset Management (India) Private Limited Address Unit No. 62, 1st Floor, Parade View, Rukmani Lakshmipathi Salai, Egmore, Chennai, Tamil Nadu-600008, India Tel. : 1800-200-2434 / 1800-4190-200 E-mail: investor.line@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in
XXII	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	The Scheme will mature on 30 June 2027. If the maturity date falls on a non-business day, the immediately following business day shall be considered as maturity date of the Scheme. Upon the Maturity Date, the Units of the Scheme will be automatically Redeemed at the NAV applicable on the Maturity Date. The Redemption proceeds will be paid to the Unit holders whose names appear on the register of Unit holders on the Maturity Date. Redemption proceeds shall be paid to investors not later than 3 working days from the date of maturity of the scheme.
XXIII	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	Special Products / Facilities available/offered to the investors under the Scheme: • Systematic Investment Plan Unitholders of the Scheme can benefit by investing specific rupee amounts periodically, for a continuous period. SIP allows the investors to invest a fixed amount every month or quarter for purchasing additional Units of the Scheme at NAV based prices. The requirement of ‘Minimum Amount for Application’ will not be applicable in case of SIPs.

		SIP Top Up Facility: Under this facility, the investor can opt to increase the amount of SIP instalment (“Top Up”) on a half-yearly or annual basis; thus, the investment amount under SIP will increase every half year / annually by the amount of Top Up specified by the investor. Pause Facility (“SIP Pause Facility”) SIP Pause Facility enables the investors to pause their investments under the Systematic Investment Plan. Under this facility, the investors have an option to pause their investment for a fixed period of time which is a minimum of 1 month and a maximum of 3 months. Multi Scheme Systematic Investment Plan: This facility enables investors to start investments under SIP of various schemes using a single application form and payment instruction. Systematic Transfer Plan Unitholders of the Scheme can benefit by transferring specific rupee amounts periodically, for a continuous period. STP allows the investors to transfer a fixed amount at a specified frequency or Capital Appreciation on the 1st Business Day of the month to a particular scheme at NAV based prices. Investors can opt for the Systematic Transfer Plan by investing a lumpsum amount in the any HSBC open ended scheme and providing a standing instruction to transfer sums at monthly intervals (for a minimum period of 3 months) into any open ended Schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund. Investors could also opt for STP from an existing account by quoting their account / folio number. Investors could choose to specify the fixed sum to be transferred every month or opt for capital appreciation option to automatically transfer the incremental amount i.e. appreciation on the original investment. Flex Systematic Transfer Plan (“Flex STP”) Flex STP is a facility available in open ended Schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund. Under this facility unitholder(s) can opt to transfer variable amount(s) linked to value of investments under Flex STP on the date of transfer at predetermined intervals from designated open ended Scheme(s) of HSBC Mutual Fund except HSBC ELSS Tax Saver Fund & HSBC Tax Saver Equity Fund to the Growth option of all open ended schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund where subscription is allowed. Systematic Withdrawal Plan Unitholders have the benefit of enrolling themselves
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		under the Systematic Withdrawal Plan. The SWP allows the Unitholder to withdraw sums of money each month / quarter / half-year / annual basis from his investments in the Scheme. SWP is ideal for Unitholders seeking a regular inflow of funds for their needs in a tax efficient manner. It is also suited to retired persons or individuals who wish to invest a lumpsum and withdraw from the investment over a period of time. The Unitholder may avail of this Plan by sending a written request to the Registrar / submit a request online. • Money Withdrawal Facility (MWF): Money Withdrawal Facility (MWF) is the nomenclature of the facility and should not be construed as an assurance of returns / performance of the Scheme. This facility will enable the Unit Holders to redeem a fixed sum of money at a fixed frequency as per the prevailing NAV, subject to exit load, if applicable, depending on the option chosen by the Unit Holder. Under this facility Unit Holders can redeem amounts under both the Plans (Direct and Regular) of the Growth and IDCW Payout option of the Scheme. • Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Plan Transfer Facility Under this facility, the Unit holder/investor can opt to transfer the amount of IDCW the Unit holder / investor is eligible to receive under the Scheme (“Source Scheme”) to any other open-ended scheme of the Fund (“Target Scheme”). The above Facility will be available in the IDCW options under all the open-ended schemes of the Fund except HSBC ELSS Tax saver Fund wherein the said schemes can only be the Source Scheme (subject to completion of lock-in on units where applicable) and not Target Scheme. • Facilitating transactions through Stock Exchange Mechanism (BSE Star & NSE MFSS) In terms of para 16.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, units of the Scheme can be transacted through all the registered stockbrokers of the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and / or Bombay Stock Exchange Limited who are also registered with Association of Mutual Funds of India and are empanelled as distributors with AMC. Accordingly, such stockbrokers shall be eligible to be considered as ‘official points of acceptance’ of AMC. For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly refer SAI.
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XXIV.	Weblink	Link for Daily TER and TER for last 6 months: Daily TER and TER for last 6 months Link for Factsheet: Factsheet
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DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Board of Directors of Trustee Company have ensured that HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund, approved by them, is a new product offered by HSBC Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

For HSBC Asset Management (India) Private Limited
(Investment Manager to HSBC Mutual Fund)

Sd/-

Sumesh Kumar
Chief Compliance Officer

Date : June 28, 2024

Place : Mumbai

PART II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal circumstances, it is anticipated that the asset allocation of the Scheme will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
#G-Sec & T-Bills forming part of CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027	95	100
Money Market instruments including cash and cash equivalents (Treasury Bills, Government Securities with residual maturity of upto 1 year and Tri-Party Repos)@	0	5

@ Excluding money in transit before deployment / payout.

Pursuant to para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the portfolio of the Scheme shall be considered to be replicating the index subject to following norms for permissible deviation in duration:

- Where the residual maturity of the portfolio is greater than 5 years: Either +/- 6 months or +/- 10% of duration, whichever is higher.
- Where the residual maturity of the portfolio is up to 5 years: Either +/- 3 months or +/- 10% of duration, whichever is higher.
- However, at no point of time, the residual maturity of any security forming part of the portfolio shall be beyond the target maturity date of the Scheme.

Further, any transactions undertaken in the Scheme in order to meet the redemption and subscription obligations shall be done while ensuring that post such transactions replication of the portfolio with the index is maintained at all points of time.

Further, the Scheme shall adhere to the following norms as specified in para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:

- The constituents of the index shall be aggregated at issuer level for the purpose of determining investment limits for single issuer, group, sponsor, etc.
- Constituents of the index shall be periodically reviewed (at least on half-yearly basis).
- Single issuer limit shall not be applicable to the scheme.
- The rating of the constituents of the index shall be investment grade and above.
- The constituents of the index shall have a defined credit rating and defined maturity as specified in the index methodology.

During normal circumstances, the Scheme's exposure to money market instruments will be in line with the asset allocation table.

However, in case of maturity of securities in the Scheme portfolio, the reinvestment will be in line with the index methodology.

The cumulative gross exposure through G-Secs, T-bills, money market instruments including TREPS & reverse repo in government securities and such other securities / assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.

The Scheme will neither invest in derivatives, securitized debt, debt instruments having structured obligations or credit enhancements, credit default swaps, Commodity Derivatives, foreign securities nor will it engage in short selling, securities lending or repo in corporate debt securities. Also, the Scheme shall not invest in debt instruments with special features (viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and / or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption, additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework, etc.) as referred to in para 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.

Under normal circumstances, the scheme shall be replicating the underlying index in the manner as specified under para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time.

The AMC would monitor the Tracking Error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize the Tracking Error to the maximum extent possible. Under normal circumstances, the tracking error based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure, which are beyond the control of the AMC, the tracking error may exceed 2% and the same shall be brought to the notice of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure (% of net assets)	Circular references/ clause references of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023
1.	Securities Lending	Not permissible	Clause 12.11
2.	Debt Derivatives for non-hedging purposes	Not permissible	Clause 12.25
3.	Securitized Debt	Not permissible	Clause 12.15
4.	Overseas Securities	Not permissible	Clause 12.19
5.	ReITS and InVITS	Not permissible	Clause 12.21
6.	AT 1 (Additional Tier 1) and AT 2 (Additional Tier 2) Bonds	Not permissible	Clause 12.2
7.	Any other instrument		
a.	Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements'	Not permissible	Clause 12.3
b.	Credit default Swap	Not permissible	Clause 12.28

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure (% of net assets)	Circular references/ clause references of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023
c.	Commodity Derivatives	Not permissible	Clause 12.26
d.	Repo transactions in Corporate Debt Securities	Not permissible	Clause 12.18
e.	Debt Instrument with Special features	Not permissible	Clause 12.2

Change in Investment Pattern

Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above for the Scheme may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unitholders and meet the objective of the Scheme. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and defensive considerations.

Portfolio re-balancing in case of short-term defensive consideration

In the event of change in the asset allocation, the fund manager will carry out portfolio rebalancing within 7 Days. Further, in case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the period of 7 days, justification for the same shall be placed before the investment committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The investment committee shall then decide on the course of action.

Portfolio re-balancing in case of passive breaches

In the event of change in the asset allocation, the fund manager will carry out portfolio rebalancing within 7 Days. Further, in case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the period of 7 days, justification for the same shall be placed before the investment committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The investment committee shall then decide on the course of action.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the Regulations, the corpus of the Scheme will mainly be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- Investment in Government securities (Gsecs): The Scheme would invest in Gsecs so as to replicate CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 and endeavour to track the benchmark index.
- Investment in T-Bills: The Scheme would invest in T-Bills so as to replicate CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 and endeavour to track the benchmark index.
- Money market instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, Tri-party REPO (TREPS) and any other like instrument as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
- Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days will not be treated as creating any exposure.

- Any other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approval, if any.
- Pending deployment, the Scheme may invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks as permitted under extant regulations.
- The securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted Government securities & Money Market Instruments other than Commercial Papers, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated. The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in government securities and Treasury bills (which qualify for repo transactions as per the SEBI regulations in this regard issued from time to time) held by it.
- Investments (if any) in unrated debt and money market instruments other than Government Securities and T-bills shall only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder. Further, such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Trustee Company and exposure of the Scheme in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Refer Section II for more details.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

Investment Approach and Risk Control

The Scheme is a target maturity index fund which will employ an investment approach designed to track the performance of CRISIL- IBX Gilt Index - June 2027. The scheme would seek to replicate the underlying index in the manner as specified under para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time. Where the scheme is not able to replicate the underlying index, the scheme would adhere to the requirements stipulated in para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 and other SEBI Guidelines / Circulars issued from time to time.

The Scheme will follow Buy & Hold investment strategy in which existing securities will be held till maturity unless sold for meeting redemptions, payment of IDCW, rebalancing requirement or optimizing portfolio construction process.

The underlying index shall comply with the restrictions in line with para 3.6.3 of the SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

Tracking Error

Tracking error is defined as the annualized standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between the underlying index and the NAV of the Scheme. Theoretically, the corpus of the Scheme has to be fully invested in the securities so as to replicate the underlying Index in the same proportion of weights as the securities have in the underlying Index. However, deviations from the stated Index replication may occur due to reason that the Scheme has to incur expenses, corporate actions, regulatory policies which may affect AMC's ability to achieve close correlation with the underlying Index of the Scheme, delay in purchase or non-availability

of underlying securities forming part of the Index, etc. Tracking Error may arise due to the following reasons:

1. Delay in purchase or non-availability of underlying securities forming part of the Index.
2. Delay in liquidation of securities which have been removed from the Index.
3. Difference in valuation of underlying securities by the Index provider and AMC's valuation providers.
4. Fees and expenses of the Scheme.
5. Cash balance held by the Scheme due to coupon flows, redemption, etc.
6. Halt in trading.
7. Corporate actions.
8. The Scheme has to invest in the securities in whole numbers and has to round off the quantity of securities.
9. Interest / Dividend Payout.
10. Changes in the constituents of the underlying Index. Whenever there are any changes, the Scheme has to reallocate its investment as per the revised Index but market conditions may not offer an opportunity to rebalance its portfolio to match the Index and such delay may affect the NAV of the Scheme.

The AMC would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible. Under normal market circumstances, the tracking error based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure, which are beyond the control of the AMC, the tracking error may exceed 2% and the same shall be brought to the notice of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error relative to performance of the underlying Index.

The Scheme shall disclose the tracking error based on past one year rolling data, on a daily basis, on the website of the AMC and AMFI.

Tracking Difference

Along with tracking error, tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index and the NAV of the Scheme shall also be disclosed on the website of the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 years, 5 years, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units.

Further, the annualized tracking difference averaged over one year period shall not exceed 1.25%. In case the average annualized tracking difference over one year period for the Scheme is higher than 1.25%, the same shall be brought to the notice of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

Benchmark Index (i.e. First Tier Benchmark based on the PRC):

The performance of the Scheme will be benchmarked against CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027.

Justification for benchmark

The Scheme will invest in the constituents of CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027. Therefore, the composition of CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 makes it most suited to compare the performance of the Scheme.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income), Mahesh Chhabria (Fixed Income) are the Fund Manager's of the Scheme.

The details of the Fund Manager are:

Name of Fund Manager	Age (years)	Educational Qualifications	Years of Experience with description
Kapil Punjabi	40	B.M.S, M.M.S, Mumbai	Over 18 years of experience in research and fixed income management. HSBC Asset Management (India) Private Limited Sr. Vice President & Fund Manager - Fixed Income from March 4, 2014 onwards. Taurus Asset Management Company Limited Fund Manager Fixed Income from June 2012 to Feb. 2014. Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Fund Manager Fixed Income from December 2009 to June 2012. Edelweiss Securities Limited Manager Investment from October 2007 to November 2009. Trans Market Group Research (India) Private Limited Research Analyst and Proprietary Trader from May 2006 to October 2007.
Mahesh Chhabria	37	Master's in management studies (M.M.S)	Over 14 years of experience HSBC Asset Management (India) Private. Limited as SVP Fund Management Fixed Income (Since November 26, 2022) Prior Assignments: L&T Investment Management Ltd

			as Fixed Income – Fund Manager from November 25, 2021 to November 25, 2022. L&T Investment Management Ltd as Dealer in Fixed Income since June, 2015 till November 24, 2021 Edelweiss Securities Ltd as Fixed Income dealer from October 2013 - June 2015 Derivium Traditions Pvt. Ltd. as Fixed Income dealer from February 2013- October 2013 L&T Investment Management Ltd. as Associate in Investment Operations from November 2012 – February 2013. FIL Fund Management Pvt. Ltd. as Associate in Investment Operations from August 2010 – November, 2012.
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Other Schemes managed by the Fund Manager(s)

Name of the Scheme(s)	Fund Manager
HSBC Arbitrage Fund	Praveen Ayathan and Hitesh Gondhia (Arbitrage), Mahesh Chhabria & Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income)
HSBC Balanced Advantage Fund	Neelotpal Sahai (Equity), Mahesh Chhabria & Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income), Gautam Bhupal (Equity), Praveen Ayathan (Arbitrage), Hitesh Gondhia (Arbitrage), Sonal Gupta (Foreign Securities)
HSBC Banking and PSU Debt Fund	Mahesh Chhabria and Mohd. Asif Rizwi (Fixed Income)
HSBC Conservative Hybrid Fund	Mahesh Chhabria & Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income), Cheenu Gupta & Abhishek Gupta (Equity), Sonal Gupta (Foreign Securities)
HSBC Credit Risk Fund	Shriram Ramanathan and Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income)
HSBC CRISIL IBX 50-50 Gilt Plus SDL Apr 2028 Index Fund	Kapil Lal Punjabi (Fixed Income), Mahesh Chhabria (Fixed Income)
HSBC Equity Savings Fund	Cheenu Gupta & Abhishek Gupta (Equity), Mahesh Chhabria & Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income), Praveen Ayathan & Hitesh Gondhia (Arbitrage), Sonal Gupta (Foreign Securities)
HSBC Global Climate Change Fund of Fund	Sonal Gupta (Foreign Securities) and Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income)
HSBC Liquid Fund	Kapil Lal Punjabi (Fixed Income) and Shriram Ramanathan (Fixed Income)
HSBC Medium Duration Fund	Shriram Ramanathan and Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income)
HSBC Medium to Long Duration Fund	Kapil Punjabi and Shriram Ramanathan (Fixed Income)
HSBC Money Market Fund	Kapil Punjabi and Shriram Ramanathan (Fixed Income)
HSBC Multi Asset Allocation Fund	Cheenu Gupta (Domestic equities), Dipan Parikh (For

	Gold / Silver ETFs), Mahesh Chhabria (Fixed Income), Sonal Gupta (Foreign Securities)
HSBC Multi Cap Fund	Venugopal Manghat and Gautam Bhupal (Equity), Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income) and Sonal Gupta (Foreign Securities)
HSBC Overnight Fund	Kapil Lal Punjabi (Fixed Income), Mahesh Chhabria (Fixed Income)
HSBC Ultra Short Duration Fund	Mahesh Chhabria and Kapil Punjabi (Fixed Income)

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Comparison of passively managed open ended debt schemes viz. Index Funds of HSBC Mutual Fund. Please refer to weblink ([Product Differentiation](#)) for detailed comparative table.

Sr. No.	Scheme Name	Scheme Category	Type of Scheme
1.	HSBC CRISIL IBX 50-50 Gilt Plus SDL Apr 2028 Index Fund	Index Fund	An open-ended Target Maturity Index Fund tracking CRISIL-IBX 50-50 Gilt Plus SDL Apr 2028 Index
2.	HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund	Index Fund	An open-ended Target Maturity Index Fund tracking CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED (if applicable)

Compounded Annualised Returns	Scheme Returns %		Benchmark Returns %										
	Regular Plan	Direct Plan	Regular Plan	Direct Plan									
Returns for the last 1 year	6.22	6.52	6.70	6.70									
Returns since inception	7.25	7.55	7.64	7.64									
Date of Inception	23 March 2023												
Absolute Returns for each financial year for the last 2 years													
HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund (Regular Growth) CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 0.33 0.24 7.17 7.65 2022-23 2023-24 <table><tr><th>Financial Year</th><th>HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund (Regular Growth)</th><th>CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - June 2027</th></tr><tr><td>2022-23</td><td>0.33%</td><td>0.24%</td></tr><tr><td>2023-24</td><td>7.17%</td><td>7.65%</td></tr></table>					Financial Year	HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund (Regular Growth)	CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - June 2027	2022-23	0.33%	0.24%	2023-24	7.17%	7.65%
Financial Year	HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund (Regular Growth)	CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - June 2027											
2022-23	0.33%	0.24%											
2023-24	7.17%	7.65%											
Scheme performance as on May 31, 2024. Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future.													

Performance of the benchmark is calculated as per the Total Return Index (TRI).

Returns are of growth option. The returns for the respective periods are provided as on last business day of May 2024. Returns 1 year and above are Compounded Annualized. Standard benchmark is prescribed by SEBI and is used for comparison purposes. Different plans shall have a different expense structure.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors – Not applicable for this scheme.
- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETFs/index funds through a functional website link that contains detailed description – (Click here: [Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors details in case of debt and equity ETF/index Funds](#))
- iii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure – (Click here : [Fortnightly / Monthly Portfolio / Half Yearly Portfolio](#) Disclosure)

Refer to the given links for Scheme's aforesaid portfolio disclosures.

- iv. Portfolio Turnover Rate particularly for equity oriented schemes shall also be disclosed.

The Portfolio Turnover Ratio in case of debt Index Fund is not applicable.

- v. Aggregate investment as on May 31, 2024 in the Scheme by:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
	Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s)	Units	NAV per unit	
NIL				

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

- vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme

The AMC shall not invest in any of the schemes unless full disclosure of its intention to invest has been made in the Scheme Information Document and that the AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investment.

Kindly refer (weblink - [Investments of AMC in the Scheme](#)) for Investments of AMC in the Scheme.

PART III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

i. Computation of NAV

The NAV of Units under the Scheme / Plan(s) / Option(s) shall be calculated as shown below:

$$\text{NAV} = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments (+)} \\ \text{Current Assets (-) Current Liabilities and Provisions}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme / Option}}$$

The Direct Plan shall have a separate NAV.

The NAVs of the Scheme / Plan(s) / Option(s) (including Direct Plans) will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day. The NAVs of the Scheme shall be disclosed up to 4 decimal places. The valuation of the Scheme' assets and calculation of the Scheme' NAV shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

The NAV of the Segregated Portfolio shall be declared on daily basis.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

ii. Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase of units –

The Units of the Scheme are available for sale, repurchase and switch at applicable NAV based prices, subject to prevalent load provisions, if any, on every business day.

Sale Price

Sale Price = Applicable NAV

Example

If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 15 and the sales load (i.e. Entry Load) is 0%, the sales price is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sales Price} &= 15 * (1 + 0) \\ &= 15 * 1 \\ &= 15^{\wedge} \end{aligned}$$

([^]Pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on the sale price to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent of @0.005% of the transaction value. Please refer for more details under “**Section III → Other Details → C. TRANSACTION CHARGES AND STAMP DUTY**” clause of this document.)

Repurchase Price

Repurchase Price = Applicable NAV * (1 - Exit Load, if any)

Example

If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 15 and the exit load applicable is 0.5%, the repurchase price is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Repurchase Price} &= 15 * (1 - 0.005) \\ &= 15 * 0.995 \\ &= 14.925\end{aligned}$$

The repurchase price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV subject to SEBI Regulations as amended from time to time.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees, paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

The NFO expenses of HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Index Fund were borne by the AMC and were not charged to the Scheme.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 1% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses.

The total recurring expenses of the Scheme shall be as per the limits prescribed under sub-regulation 6 and 6A of Regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations and shall not exceed the limits prescribed there under as a percentage limit of daily net assets.

Further, as per current Regulation 52 (6A), the additional recurring expenses that can be charged to Scheme shall be subject to a percentage limit of daily net assets as specified below:

Regulation 52 (6A) (a)	Brokerage and transaction costs (inclusive of GST) which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trades, shall be charged to the scheme as per Regulation 52(6A)(a) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 not exceeding 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transactions. With effect from April 01, 2023, to align with Indian Account Standards requirement, transactions cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trades are expensed out (viz. charged to Revenue Account instead of Capitalization (i.e., forming part of cost of investment)). Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 0.12 percent for cash market transactions may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
Regulation 52 (6A) (b)	Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from beyond Top 30 cities (B- 30**) are at least - (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the scheme, or (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher. Provided that if inflows from such cities are less than the higher of (i) or (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis. Additional TER shall be charged based on inflows from retail investors from beyond top 30 cities (B-30 cities). Inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from retail investor. Provided further that, expenses so charged shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from beyond Top 30 cities. Provided further that amount incurred as expense on count of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment. ** Beyond Top 30 (B30) cities shall mean beyond top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography - Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

The AMC has estimated the following maximum expenses of the Scheme. Please refer to the table below for indicative details

Expense Head	% p.a. of daily Net Assets* (Estimated p.a.)
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	Upto 1.00%
Audit fees/fees and expenses of trustees	
Custodial Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements / IDCW / redemption cheques/ warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission and statutory Advertisement	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 1 bps)	

Expense Head	% p.a. of daily Net Assets* (Estimated p.a.)
Brokerage & transaction cost pertaining to distribution of units [#]	
Goods & Services Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods & Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost [@]	
Other Expenses (to be specified as per Reg 52 of SEBI MF Regulations)	
Maximum Total expenses ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Upto 1.00%
Additional expenses under Regulations 52(6A)(c)	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities [^]	Upto 0.30%

@GST on brokerage and transaction cost, over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market transactions charged to the Scheme will be part of Total Expense Ratio limit as defined above.

Note: The total recurring expenses of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the abovementioned distribution expenses/ commission which is charged in the Regular Plan. For example, in the event that the TER of the Regular option is 1%, the TER of the Direct Plan would not exceed 0.95% p.a.

The AMC may charge the following costs and expenses in addition to the total recurring expense limits as prescribed in the table above:

- (a) # Brokerage and transaction costs (inclusive of GST) which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trades, shall be charged to the scheme as per Regulation 52(6A)(a) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 not exceeding 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transactions. With effect from April 1, 2023, to align with Indian Account Standards requirement, transactions cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trades are expensed out (viz. charged to Revenue Account instead of Capitalization (i.e. forming part of cost of investment)). Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 0.12 percent for cash market transactions may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996;
- (b) GST on investment management and advisory fees.
- (c) [^]In terms of AMFI letter no. 35P/MEM-COR/85-a/2022-23 dated March 02, 2023, the B-30 incentive structure is kept in abeyance with effect from March 01, 2023 and shall be re-instated at a later date as per the guidelines received from SEBI / AMFI in this regards.

The expenses of the Direct Plan will be lower than that of Regular Plan of the Scheme. No commission or distribution expenses will be charged under the Direct Plan.

The above expenses are subject to change and may increase / decrease as per actual and / or any change in the Regulations but the total recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

The AMC reserves the right to vary the expense ratios charged to the Scheme, at such frequencies as the AMC may decide, subject to the maximum SEBI permissible limits. The AMC would update the current expense ratios on the website at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. This information is available on AMC's website at www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in.

***Impact of TER on returns of both Direct plan and Regular plan through an illustration is provided below for reference.**

Particulars			Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Collections at Day Zero		A	100,000,000	100,000,000
Purchase Price per unit		B	10	10
Units allotted to domestic investors	A / B	C	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00
Amount invested		D	100,000,000	100,000,000
Yield on investment		E	6%	6%
Expense ratio		F	1.00%	0.60%
AUM after one month				
AUM including Yield	$(D * E) / 12 + D$	G	100,500,000	100,500,000
Expenses (for one month) (INR) – approximated at average of opening and closing AUM	$((A + G) / 2) * F / 12$	H	83,542	50,125
AUM after one month	G-H	I	100,416,458	100,449,875
NAV per unit	I/C	J	10.0416	10.0450
Annualized returns (Pre Expenses) %	$(G - D) / D * 100 * 12$	K	6.00	6.00
Annualized returns (Post Expenses) %	$(I - D) / D * 100 * 12$	L	5.00	5.40

The above expenses are subject to change and may increase /decrease as per actual and / or any change in the Regulations but the total recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Company (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee company or any other entity through any route. Provided that the expenses that are very small in value but high in volume may be paid out of AMC's books. Such expenses shall be paid out of AMC's books

at actuals or not exceeding 2 bps of scheme AUM, whichever is lower. The AMC shall pay from its books only those expenses which are part of the miscellaneous expenses list provided by AMFI. Such expenses incurred by AMC shall be properly recorded and audited in the books of account of AMC at year end.

Total Expense Ratio (TER) for the Segregated Portfolio

TER for the Segregated Portfolio shall be subject to the following provisions

1. The AMC will not charge investment and advisory fees on the Segregated Portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in Segregated Portfolio.
2. The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the Main Portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the Segregated Portfolio was in existence.
3. The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the Segregated Portfolio may be charged to the Segregated Portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. However, the same shall be within the maximum TER limit as applicable to the Main Portfolio. The legal charges in excess of the TER limits, if any, shall be borne by the AMC.

The costs related to Segregated Portfolio shall in no case be charged to the Main Portfolio.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC at www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in or may call at ISC or your distributor.

Repurchases could attract an exit load (as a % of the Applicable NAV for redemptions). Unitholders should note that the AMC retains the right to change exit load as per the provisions below:

The repurchase price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV subject to SEBI Regulations as amended from time to time.

Type of Load	Load Structure (Including SIP / STP / SWP, wherever applicable) for Scheme / Plans. Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Exit Load	NIL Upfront commission shall be paid directly by the investor to the AMFI registered Distributors based on the investor's assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributors. The exit load set forth above is subject to change at the discretion of the AMC and such changes shall be implemented prospectively.

Units issued on reinvestment of dividends shall not be subject to exit load for existing as well as prospective investors. The above mentioned load structure shall be equally applicable to the special products such as HSBC SIP, HSBC SWP and HSBC STP, etc. offered by the AMC.

The exit load charged, if any, will be credited to the schemes. Goods & Service Tax on exit load, if any, will be paid out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of Goods & Service Tax, if any, will be credited to the scheme. Exit load is not applicable for Segregated Portfolio.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website / Investor Service Centres.

Subject to the Regulations, the Board of Directors of Trustee Company reserve the right to modify /alter the load structure and may decide to introduce a differential load structure on the Units redeemed on any Business Day. Such changes will be applicable prospectively. The changes may also be disclosed in the Statements of Account issued after the introduction of such load.

Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only. At the time of changing the Load Structure:

- (i) The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to the SID and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors / brokers so that the same can be attached to all the SIDs and Key Information Memorandum already in stock.
- (ii) Arrangements will be made to display the changes / modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all the Investor Service Centres and distributors / brokers' office.
- (iii) The introduction of the Exit Load along with the details will be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and will also be disclosed in the Account Statement or in the covering letter issued to the Unit holders after the introduction of such Load.
- (iv) A notice for change in Exit Load shall be uploaded on the website of the Mutual Fund.
- (v) Any other measures which the mutual fund may feel necessary.

SECTION II

I. INTRODUCTION

A. DEFINITIONS/INTERPRETATION

Investors are requested to refer to weblink ([Definition](#)) for detailed descriptions of the words and expressions used in this SID.

INTERPRETATION

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- The terms defined in this SID include the plural as well as the singular.
- Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other.
- All references to “US\$” refer to United States Dollars and “Rs.” or “r” refer to Indian Rupees. A “crore” means “ten million” and a “lakh” means a “hundred thousand”.
- The contents of the SID are applicable to all the Scheme covered under this SID, unless specified otherwise.
- All references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).
- Words / phrases not defined herein shall have meanings as defined under SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- All references to “Master Circular” refer to Master Circular for Mutual Funds issued by SEBI dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time.

B. RISK FACTORS

- **Scheme specific risk factors**

- **Tracking Error /Tracking Difference Risk:** The Fund Manager may not be able to invest the entire corpus exactly in the same proportion as in the underlying index due to certain factors including but not limited to lot size constraints in bond markets, portfolio liquidity considerations, transaction costs, fees and expenses of the scheme, corporate actions, cash balance, changes to the underlying index, difference in valuation of underlying securities by the index provider and AMC’s valuation providers and regulatory policies which may affect AMC’s ability to achieve close correlation with the underlying index of the scheme. The scheme’s returns may therefore deviate from those of its underlying index. It will be the endeavour of the fund manager to keep the tracking error/tracking difference as low as possible. However, in case of events like, reconstitution / addition / deletion of securities in the underlying index etc. or in abnormal market circumstances, the tracking error may rise. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error/tracking difference relative to performance of the Index.
- **Concentration Risk:** The Scheme shall predominantly invest in G-secs and hence may have limited or no diversification to any other types of fixed income securities within its portfolio. This could have implications on the performance of the scheme. The Scheme may be more sensitive to economic, business, political or other changes that may directly impact G-sec spreads etc. and this may lead to considerable fluctuation in the Net Asset Value of the scheme.

Risk factors associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities

Subject to the stated investment objective, the Scheme proposes to invest in debt and related instruments and the risk factors pertinent to the same are:

- The performance of Scheme may be affected by changes in Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risks associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems.
- Investments in different types of securities are subject to different levels and kinds of risk. Accordingly, the Scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern.
E.g. investments in corporate bonds carry a higher level of risk than investments in Government securities. Further, even among corporate bonds, bonds which have a higher rating are comparatively less risky than bonds which have a lower rating.
- **Price-Risk or Interest Rate Risk:** As with all debt securities, changes in interest rates may affect the NAV of the Scheme as the prices of securities increase as interest rates decline and decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby to possible movements in the NAV.
- The change in value of a security, for a given change in yield, is higher for a security with higher duration and vice versa. Hence portfolios with higher duration will have higher volatility which leads to duration risk.
- Government securities do carry price risk depending upon the general level of interest rates prevailing from time to time. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the coupon rate, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The price of the Government securities (existing and new) is influenced only by movements in interest rates in financial systems.
- In the case of floating rate instruments, an additional risk could be due to the change in the spreads of floating rate instruments. If the spreads on floating rate papers rise, then there could be a price loss on these instruments. Secondly in the case of fixed rate instruments that have been swapped for floating rates, any adverse movement in the fixed rate yields vis-à-vis swap rates could result in losses. However, floating rate debt instruments which have periodical interest rate reset, carry a lower interest rate risk as compared to fixed rate debt instruments. In a falling interest rate scenario, the returns on floating rate debt instruments may not be better than those on fixed rate debt instruments. In case of a floating rate instrument, this risk is lower as a result of periodic reset of the coupon. During the life of floating rate security or a swap the underlying benchmark index may become less active and may not capture the actual movement in the interest rates or at times the benchmark may cease to exist. These types of events may result in loss of value in the portfolio.

Liquidity Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.

This represents the possibility that the realised price from selling the security might be lesser than the valuation price as a result of illiquid market. If a large outflow from the Scheme is funded by selling some of the illiquid securities, the NAV could fall even if there is no

change in interest rates. Illiquid securities are typically quoted at a higher yield than the liquid securities and have higher bid offer spreads. Investment in illiquid securities results in higher current yield for the portfolio. In addition, money market securities, while fairly liquid, lack a well- developed secondary market, which may restrict the selling ability of the Scheme and may lead to the Scheme incurring losses till the security is finally sold.

The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-a-vis the government securities market. Even though the government securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.

Liquidity Risk for all Open-Ended Debt Schemes is measured and addressed through the below mentioned liquidity management tools.

Liquidity Management Tools	Brief Description
Potential Risk Matrix (PRC) and Risk-o-meter (RoM)	All debt schemes are bucketed in terms of Potential Risk Class matrix (PRC) based on maximum interest rate risk and credit risk parameters. PRC defines the maximum risk that a scheme will run as per design and RoM is the measurement of that risk on a regular basis. Remedial measures are in place in case any of the design boundaries are breached.
Maintenance of minimum liquid assets in all open ended debt schemes and monitoring liquid assets through LRRaR and LR-CRaR framework provided by AMFI.	All open ended debt schemes (except Overnight fund, Liquid fund, Gilt fund and Gilt Fund with 10-year constant duration) shall hold at least 10% of their net assets in liquid assets or liquidity ratio computed basis LR-RaR and LR-CRaR, whichever is higher. Similarly, liquid funds shall comply with the requirement of maintaining liquid assets at 20% of their net assets or liquidity ratio computed basis LR-RaR and LR-CRaR, whichever is higher. The Liquidity Risk Management framework defines the Liquidity Risk arising from liability side of the portfolio and covers all potential liquidity risk scenarios upto 99% confidence interval. The AMC measures and monitors liquidity risk on a monthly basis and has laid down action plan in case there is difference between actual outcome and projected outcome.
Stress Testing	Stress Testing is carried out for all open ended debt schemes (except overnight scheme) on a monthly basis as required by SEBI. The stress testing addresses the asset side risk taking into account the Interest Rate risk, Credit risk and Liquidity risk at an aggregate portfolio level and its impact on NAV. This asset side stress testing complements the liability side stress testing

	conducted through LR-RaR and CR-CRaR framework. The result of Stress Testing is reported to AMFI, Board of AMC and Trustee Company on an ongoing basis.
Asset Liability Management	Asset Liability Management covers monitoring of liquidity risk addressing asset liability mismatch upto a period of 90 days. The 90-day liability ratio is calculated taking into account investor behavior based on size of their investments and historic redemptions at an industry level. The 90-day liability ratio is compared with the Portfolio Liquidity ratio to ascertain if any asset liability mismatch exists.
Borrowing	A fund may borrow to meet redemption requirements up to the limit allowed by the regulator from time to time

- **Credit Risk:** Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e. will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). A sovereign security carries no default risk since Government raises money to meet its capital and revenue expenditure by issuing these debt or discounted securities. As the payment of interest and principal amount has a sovereign status implying no default, such securities are popularly known as “risk-free security” or “Zero Risk security”. Thus Zero-Risk is the lowest risk, even lower than a security with “AAA” rating and hence commands a yield, which is lower than a yield on “AAA” security. Normally, the value of a fixed income security will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default. The greater the credit risk, the greater the yield required for someone to be compensated for the increased risk. Because of this risk, corporate debentures are sold at a yield above those offered on Government Securities, which are sovereign obligations.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the “interest on interest” component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed. However, declining interest rates normally lead to increase in bond prices which may help cushion the impact of reinvestment risk to some extent.
- **Benchmark Risk:** The floating rate segment of the domestic debt market is not very developed. Currently, majority of the issuance of floating rate papers is linked to NSE MIBOR. As the floating rate segment develops further, more benchmark rates for floating papers may be available in future. The fewer number of benchmark rates could result in limited diversification of the benchmark risk.
- **Prepayment Risk:** The risk associated with the early unscheduled return of principal on a fixed-income security. The early unscheduled return of principal may result in reinvestment risk.
- **Spread risk:** Though the sovereign yield curve might remain constant, investments in corporate bonds are exposed to the risk of spread widening between corporate bonds and gilts. Typically, if this spread widens, the prices of the corporate bonds tend to fall and so could the NAV of the Schemes. Similar risk prevails for the investments in the floating rate bonds, where the benchmark might remain unchanged, but the spread over the benchmark might vary. In such an event, if the spread widens, the price and the NAV of the Schemes

could fall.

- **Settlement risk:** Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are uninvested and no return is earned thereon. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme, to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio, due to the absence of a well-developed and liquid secondary market for debt securities, may result at times in potential losses to the Scheme in the event of a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the portfolio of the Scheme.
- **Market risk:** Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and the credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated or unrated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.
- In addition to the factors that affect the values of securities, the NAV of Units of the Scheme will fluctuate with the movement in the broader fixed income market, money market and derivatives market and may be influenced by factors influencing such markets in general including but not limited to economic conditions, changes in interest rates, price and volume volatility in the bond and stock markets, changes in taxation, currency exchange rates, foreign investments, political, economic or other developments and closure of the stock exchanges.

Risk Factors associated with investments in Money Market instruments

- Investments in money market instruments would involve a moderate credit risk i.e. risk of an issuer's liability to meet the principal payments.
- Money market instruments may also be subject to price volatility due to factors such as changes in interest rates, general level of market liquidity and market perception of credit worthiness of the issuer of such instruments.
- The NAV of the Scheme's Units, to the extent that the corpus of the Scheme is invested in money market instruments, will be affected by the changes in the level of interest rates. When interest rates in the market rise, the value of a portfolio of money market instruments can be expected to decline.

Risk factors associated with Swing Pricing

This Scheme will enable Swing Pricing and this will be triggered during period of market dislocations as declared by SEBI. Swing price is enable to protect interests of remaining investors during periods of significant inflows and outflows. While swing pricing will be effected only during market dislocations and net outflows from the scheme, transacting during such periods may result in subscriptions/redemptions effected at a NAV adjusted for the swing price.

Passive Investments

The Scheme is a passively managed scheme The Scheme shall endeavor to invest in the securities included in its underlying Index regardless of their investment merit. The Scheme may be adversely impacted by a general decline in the Indian markets relating to its underlying Index. The AMC will not attempt to individually select securities or to take defensive positions in declining markets.

Risks associated with transaction in Units through Stock Exchange mechanism

In respect of transactions in Units of the Scheme routed through the BSE StAR MF platform or any other recognised stock exchange platform as intimated by the AMC, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing/ settlement by BSE, or such other exchange and their respective clearing corporations on which the Fund has no control. Further, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by BSE or such other recognised exchange in this regard.

Risk factor associated with legal, tax and regulatory risk

The Scheme could be exposed to changes in legal, tax and regulatory regime which may adversely affect it and / or the investors. Such changes could also have retrospective effect and could lead to additional taxation imposed on the Schemes which was not contemplated either when investments were made, valued or disposed off.

Risks associated with Segregated Portfolio

Liquidity risk - Segregated Portfolio is created to separate debt and money market instruments affected by a Credit Event from the Main Portfolio of the Scheme. The Fund will not permit redemption of the Segregated Portfolio units, but the units will be listed on a recognized stock exchange. The Fund is not assuring any liquidity of such units on the stock exchange. Further, trading price of units on the stock exchange may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV. Investors can continue to transact (subscribe/redeem) from the Main Portfolio.

Credit risk - While the AMC will put in sincere efforts to recover the securities in the Segregated Portfolio and distribute the same to unit holders, it is likely that such securities may not realize any value leading to losses to investors.

C. RISK MITIGATION STRATEGIES

The Fund by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in debt, and equity instruments. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools.

Risks & Description	Risk Mitigants / Management Strategy
Market Risk : Value of holdings may fall as a result of market movements	Investment approach supported by comprehensive research
Liquidity Risk : High impact costs	Robust process for periodic monitoring of liquidity
Concentration Risk : Risk on account of high exposure to a risk class	Investment across industries / sectors
Legal / Tax / Regulatory Risk : Risk on account of changes in regulations	This risk is dependent upon a future event and will be clearly communicated to the investor. Comprehensive documentation

	including disclosures and disclaimers.
Event Risk : Price risk as a result of company or sector specific event	Usage of derivatives to hedge portfolios if required, in case of predictable events.
Valuation Risk : Risk on account of incorrect valuation	Valuation as per guidelines of Pricing and Valuation policy. Usage of third party valuation agent
Interest Rate Risk : Value of holdings may fall as a result of movements in interest rate	Determination of duration bands based on extensive macro-economic analysis.
Credit Risk: inability of the issuer to make timely principal and interest payments on the security	Internal Credit assessment to determine the repayment capabilities of the issuer with a reduced reliance on external ratings

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the Regulations, the corpus of the Scheme will mainly be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- Investment in Government securities (Gsecs): The Scheme would invest in Gsecs so as to replicate CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 and endeavour to track the benchmark index.
- Investment in T-Bills: The Scheme would invest in T-Bills so as to replicate CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 and endeavour to track the benchmark index.
- Money market instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, Tri-party REPO (TREPS) and any other like instrument as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
- Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days will not be treated as creating any exposure.
- Any other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approval, if any.
- Pending deployment, the Scheme may invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks as permitted under extant regulations.
- The securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted Government securities & Money Market Instruments other than Commercial Papers, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated. The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in government securities and Treasury bills (which qualify for repo transactions as per the SEBI regulations in this regard issued from time to time) held by it.
- The scheme may invest through Inter Scheme Transfers (IST) in compliance with para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023. The key extracts are as follows:
 - ISTs shall be permitted only if other resources such as cash and cash equivalent, market borrowing, and selling securities in the market are exhausted.
 - ISTs will be permitted for rebalancing of portfolio only if there is a passive breach of regulatory limits or where duration, issuer, sector, and group rebalancing are required in both the transferor and transferee schemes.
 - No inter-scheme transfer of a security shall be allowed, if there is negative news or rumors in the mainstream media or an alert is generated about the security, based on internal credit risk assessment.
 - If the security gets downgraded within a period of four months following such a transfer, the fund manager of the buying scheme will have to provide detailed justification to the Board of Directors of Trustee Company for buying such a security.
- Investments (if any) in unrated debt and money market instruments other than Government Securities and T-bills shall only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which

separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder. Further, such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Trustee Company and exposure of the Scheme in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Procedure followed for Investment Decisions

The Fund Manager of the Scheme is responsible for making buy / sell decisions in respect of the securities in the Scheme's portfolio and to develop a well-diversified portfolio that minimizes liquidity and credit risk. The investment decisions are made keeping in view the market conditions and all relevant aspects.

The Board of the AMC has constituted an Investment Management Committee that meets at periodic intervals. The Investment Management Committee, at its meetings, reviews investments, including investments in unrated debt instruments. The approval of unrated debt instruments is based on parameters laid down by the Board of the AMC and the Trustee Company. The details of such investments are communicated by the AMC to the Board of Directors of Trustee Company in their periodical reports along with a disclosure regarding how the parameters have been complied with. Such reportings shall be in the manner prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The Committee also reviews the performance of the Scheme and general market outlook and formulates the broad investment strategy at their meetings.

It is the responsibility of the AMC to ensure that the investments are made as per the internal / Regulatory guidelines, Scheme investment objectives and in the best interest of the Unitholders of the Scheme. The Fund may follow internal guidelines as approved by the Board of the AMC and the Trustee Company from time to time.

The Chief Investment Officer and Fund Manager - Fixed Income present to the Board of the AMC and the Trustee Company periodically, the performance of the Scheme. The performance of the Scheme will be reviewed by the Boards with reference to its benchmark(s).

However, the Schemes' performance may not be strictly comparable with the performance of its Index due to the inherent differences in the construction of the portfolios. The Boards may review the benchmark selection process from time to time and make suitable changes as to use of the benchmark, or related to composition of the benchmark, whenever it deems necessary.

The Chief Investment Officer and Fund Manager – Fixed Income will bring to the notice of the AMC Board, specific factors if any, which are impacting the performance of the Scheme. The Board on consideration of all relevant factors may, if necessary, give appropriate directions to the AMC. Similarly, the performance of the Scheme will be submitted to the Board of Directors of Trustee Company. The details on the Schemes' performance vis-à-vis the benchmark returns will be explained to the Board of Directors of Trustee Company.

The AMC will keep a record of all investment decisions.

Position of Debt Markets in India

The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies and mutual funds. The instruments in the market can be broadly authorized as those

issued by corporates, banks, financial institutions and those issued by state / central governments. The risks associated with any investment are – credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities are perceived to have zero credit risk. Interest rate risk is present in all debt securities and depends on a variety of macroeconomic factors. The liquidity risk in the corporate securities market is higher as compared to that in case of government securities. Liquidity in the corporate debt market has been improving due to the entry of more players and due to various measures taken by the regulators in this direction over a period of time. SEBI's directive of a compulsory rating by a rating agency for any public issuance over 18 months, authorized on, entry of private insurance companies, listing of debt securities and growth of fixed income mutual funds have enhanced liquidity in the corporate debt market. The setting up of clearing corporations, real time gross settlement and electronic clearing system for government securities have considerably enhanced the depth and width of the Indian debt markets and bringing it at par with developed markets.

The following table attempts to give a broad overview of the available instruments in the financial markets and their risk – return profile. The data is based on the market conditions as on the date of the Offer Document and may vary substantially depending upon the factors and forces affecting the securities market including the fluctuations in the interest rates.

The indicative yields and liquidity on various securities as on May 31, 2024 are as under:-

Issuer	Instrument	Maturity	Yields in %	Liquidity
GOI	Treasury Bill	91 days	6.85 - 6.90	Medium to High
GOI	Treasury Bill	364 days	7.00 - 7.05	Medium to High
GOI	Short Dated	1 – 3 Yrs	7.01 - 7.06	Medium
GOI	Medium Dated	3 – 5 Yrs	7.02 - 7.05	Medium to High
GOI	Medium Dated	5 – 10 Yrs	7.03 - 7.00	High
GOI	Long Dated	10 – 15Yrs	6.98 - 7.07	High
GOI	Long Dated	>15Yrs	7.05 - 7.15	Low to Medium
GOI	Reverse Repo / TREPS	1 – 14 days	6.25 - 6.75	High
Corporate Debt	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	364 days	7.55 - 8.50	Low to Medium
Corporate Debt	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	1 – 3 Yrs	7.55 - 8.45	Medium
Corporate Debt	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	3 – 5 Yrs	7.50 - 8.25	Medium
Corporate Debt	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	5 – 10 Yrs	7.45 - 8.25	Medium
Corporate Debt	CPs (A1+)	3 months	7.15 - 9.30	Low to Medium
Corporate Debt	CPs (A1+)	1 Year	7.65 - 9.65	Low to medium

B. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Investment Restrictions for the Scheme

All investments by the Scheme and the Mutual Fund, will always be within the investment restrictions as specified in the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time. Pursuant to the Regulations, the following investment and other restrictions are presently applicable to the Scheme:

1. The Scheme shall adhere to the following norms as specified in para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:
 - a) The constituents of the index shall be aggregated at issuer level for the purpose of determining investment limits for single issuer, group, sponsor, etc.
 - b) Constituents of the index shall be periodically reviewed (at least on half-yearly basis).
 - c) Single issuer limit shall not be applicable to the scheme.
 - d) The rating of the constituents of the index shall be investment grade and above.
 - e) The constituents of the index shall have a defined credit rating and defined maturity as specified in the index methodology.
2. Pursuant to para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the Scheme shall replicate the Index as follows:

The portfolio of the Scheme shall be considered to be replicating the index subject to following norms for permissible deviation in duration:

 - a) Where the residual maturity of the portfolio is greater than 5 years: Either +/- 6 months or +/- 10% of duration, whichever is higher.
 - b) Where the residual maturity of the portfolio is up to 5 years: Either +/- 3 months or +/- 10% of duration, whichever is higher.
 - c) However, at no point of time, the residual maturity of any security forming part of the portfolio shall be beyond the target maturity date of the Scheme.

Further, any transactions undertaken in the Scheme in order to meet the redemption and subscription obligations shall be done while ensuring that post such transactions replication of the portfolio with the index is maintained at all points of time.
3. Transfer of investments from one Scheme to another Scheme in the Mutual Fund is permitted provided:
 - (a) Such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and
 - (b) The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Further, as per para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 has prescribed elaborate guidelines for inter-scheme transfers (IST). The key extracts are as follows:

- ISTs shall be permitted only if other resources such as cash and cash equivalent, market borrowing, and selling securities in the market are exhausted.
- ISTs will be permitted for rebalancing of portfolio only if there is a passive breach of regulatory limits or where duration, issuer, sector, and group rebalancing are required in both the transferor

- and transferee schemes.
- No inter-scheme transfer of a security shall be allowed, if there is negative news or rumors in the mainstream media or an alert is generated about the security, based on internal credit risk assessment.
 - If the security gets downgraded within a period of four months following such a transfer, the fund manager of the buying scheme will have to provide detailed justification to the Board of Directors of Trustee Company for buying such a security.
4. The Scheme may invest in another scheme managed by the same AMC or by the asset management company of any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter- scheme investment in line with the investment objectives, made by all the Schemes under the same management or in schemes under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
No investment management fees shall be charged for investing in other Schemes of the Fund or in the Schemes of any other Mutual Fund. Provided that this clause shall not apply to any fund of funds scheme and investments in mutual funds in foreign countries.
5. The Scheme shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
6. Every mutual fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided that a mutual fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by the Board:
Provided further that a mutual fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by the Board.
Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
7. Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in terms of its investment objectives, the Scheme may invest its funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, as may be amended from time to time:
- Pursuant to the para 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, where the cash in the Scheme is parked in short term deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks pending deployment, the Scheme shall abide by the following guidelines “Short Term” for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company.
 - Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial

banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.

- The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the Scheme.
- AMC shall not be permitted to charge investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds under the Scheme parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

The above norms do not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market. However, all term deposits placed as margins shall be disclosed in the half yearly portfolio statements under a separate heading. Details such as name of bank, amount of term deposits, duration of term deposits, percentage of NAV should be disclosed.

8. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - (a) Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - (b) Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - (c) Listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets of the Scheme of the Mutual Fund.
9. The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase / redemption of Units or payment of interest and dividend to the Unitholders. Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of any individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
10. No loans for any purpose shall be advanced by the Scheme.
11. The Scheme may lend securities in accordance with the securities lending scheme of SEBI.
12. The scheme shall invest in equity shares and equity related instruments provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
13. The Scheme shall not invest in a fund of funds scheme.
14. The cumulative gross exposure through repo transaction in corporate debt security along with equity, debt and derivatives, shall not exceed 100% of net assets of the Scheme. However, the following shall not be considered while calculating the gross exposure:
 - a) Security-wise hedged position and
 - b) Exposure in Cash or Cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days.

15. The Scheme will comply with any other regulations applicable to the investments of mutual funds from time to time.
16. Investments (if any) in unrated debt and money market instruments other than Government Securities and T-bills shall only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder. Further, such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Trustee Company and exposure of the Scheme in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.
17. All investments in equities and fixed income securities should be undertaken in dematerialised form.

AMC shall comply with various investment restrictions and guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time.

The Board of Directors of Trustee Company may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the Regulations may allow and as deemed fit in the general interest of the Unitholders.

It is the responsibility of the AMC to ensure that the investments are made as per the internal / Regulatory guidelines, Scheme investment objectives and in the best interest of the Unitholders of the Scheme. The Fund may follow internal guidelines as approved by the Board of the AMC and the Trustee Company from time to time. Internal guidelines shall be subject to change and may be amended from time to time in the best interest of the Unitholders. The amendments will be approved by the Board of the AMC and the Trustee Company of the Mutual Fund.

Disclosure on internal norms w.r.t. exposure limits:

HSBC Holdings plc, the ultimate parent company of the AMC, is regulated by the Federal Reserve in the United States as a Financial Holding Company (“FHC”) under “The U.S. Bank Holding Company Act of 1956” (including rules and regulations), as amended from time to time (the “BHCA”). As FHC, the activities of HSBC Holdings plc and its affiliates are subject to certain restrictions imposed by the BHCA. These restrictions may limit the Scheme’s ability to purchase or hold certain investments. There can be no assurance that the regulatory requirements applicable to HSBC Group including AMC will not change, or that any such change will not have any material adverse effect on the investments or performance of the Schemes.

C. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:

(i) **Type of a scheme:**

- An open-ended Target Maturity Index Fund tracking CRISIL- IBX Gilt Index - June 2027. A Relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.
- Index Fund

(ii) **Investment Objective**

Main Objective - The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide returns corresponding to the total returns of the securities as represented by the CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 before expenses, subject to tracking errors. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

Investment pattern - The tentative portfolio break-up of Equity / Debt / Money Market instruments, other permitted securities and such other securities as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time with minimum and maximum asset allocation, while retaining the option to alter the asset allocation for a short term period on defensive considerations. Refer Part II – Information about the scheme – A. How will the scheme allocate its assets? for more details.

Potential Risk Class			
Credit Risk / Interest Rate Risk	Relatively Low (Class A)	Moderate (Class B)	Relatively High (Class C)
Relatively Low (Class I)			
Moderate (Class II)			
Relatively High (Class III)	A-III		
A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.			

Potential Risk Class ('PRC') matrix indicates the maximum interest rate risk (measured by Macaulay Duration of the scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk Value of the scheme) the fund manager can take in the scheme. PRC matrix classification is done in accordance with and subject to the methodology / guidelines prescribed by SEBI to help investors take informed decision based on the maximum interest rate risk and maximum credit risk the fund manager can take in the scheme, as depicted in the PRC matrix.

The Scheme would have the flexibility to move downwards on the risk scale. However, any permanent change in the positioning of a Scheme into a cell resulting in a risk (in terms of credit risk or duration risk) which is higher than the maximum risk specified for the chosen PRC cell, shall be considered as a fundamental attribute change of the Scheme in terms of Regulation 18(15A) of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996.

However, the PRC value of a Scheme could change temporarily due to price movements, rating changes, investment actions, etc. Any such temporary change in the PRC cell of a scheme to a higher risk scale for either credit risk or duration risk beyond the maximum risk specified for the chosen PRC cell shall be subject to rebalancing in terms of provisions specified in the SID.

(iii) **Terms of Issue**

- o Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption – Please refer to the relevant provisions under **“Part III – II. Information about the Scheme - D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures”**
- o Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme – **Please refer to “Part III – C. Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses.”**
- o Any safety net or guarantee provided – **Not applicable, as the scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee.**

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 the Board of Directors of Trustee Company shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal.
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. INDEX METHODOLOGY (FOR INDEX FUNDS, ETFs AND FOFs HAVING ONE UNDERLYING DOMESTIC ETF)

Benchmark Index:

CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027.

Index Eligibility Criteria, Methodology, Index Service Provider

The Scheme will invest in the constituents of CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027. Therefore, the composition of CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 makes it most suited to compare the performance of the Scheme.

CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - June 2027 seeks to measure the performance of portfolio predominantly invested in G-Sec maturing between 01 January 2027 to 30 June 2027. The index shall mature on 30 June 2027.

- Total Return Index seeking to capture price and coupon returns of the underlying portfolio.
- It's a target date index which follows a roll-down approach.

The index uses a buy and hold strategy wherein the portfolio of G-sec is held till maturity unless they become ineligible. Small portion of portfolio (2%) is invested in on-the-run 91 Day T-bill for liquidity

- Index portfolio marked-to-market on a daily basis using CRISIL Gilt and T-Bills valuations

- Inception Date of Index: 28 February 2021.

Index Service Provider – CRISIL Ltd.

Key Characteristics

Replicability: The index constituents are valued on a daily basis. This lends the index a realistic approach by having the valuations close to the market levels.

Methodology

- Weights of the G-sec securities and T-bills Securities in the Index will be 98% and 2% respectively.
- Securities Selection methodology in G-Sec are as follows:
 - All securities selected will have a maturity date in the eligible period of G-sec which is from 1st January 2027 to 30th June 2027
 - All Securities are selected on the basis of Amount Outstanding.
 - Minimum Amount Outstanding should be Rs. 25000 crores.
 - Surrogate bonds (namely Food Corporation of India bonds, Oil bonds, Fertilizer bonds and UTI Special Bonds), STRIPS and Floating rate bonds shall be kept out of the purview of the selection process
 - Weights to individual securities will be calculated in the ratio of amount outstanding (30% weightage) and liquidity score (70% weightage).
 - Eligible securities will be added on a 6 monthly basis and weights will be redistributed based on ratio of amount outstanding (30% weightage) and liquidity score (70% weightage).
- Securities Selection methodology in T-Bills are as follows:
 - Three 91-Day T-Bill will be selected by rebalancing on a bi-monthly basis.
 - This will consist of last three on-the-run 91-Day T-Bills as on the bi-monthly (once in two months) rebalancing date.
 - The maturity date of such T-bill selected should not be greater than the maturity of the fund.
 - In case no such 91 Day on-the-run T-Bill is available closer to the maturity date of the fund, T-Bill that is closest to the maturity date but maturing before the maturity date of index will be selected.
 - If such T-Bill matures as well, the proceeds will be invested in TREPS.
 - The T-bills will be weighted equally on each rebalancing date.
- As the index includes securities that shall mature during the 6-period ending on the final maturity date of the index, any proceeds from the redemption of securities prior to the final maturity date of the index shall be reinvested according to following waterfall approach –
 - a) The proceeds from security redemption will be reinvested in the longest maturity outstanding government security issued and maturing on or just before the index maturity date.
 - b) In case a replacement in the form of another outstanding government security cannot be

found for reinvestment then the proceeds from such redemption shall be reinvested in the remaining portfolio on the same date in the proportion of the existing weights.

In case due to any reason, it is not possible to meet the requirements stated in point (a) and (b) above, then the proceeds from such redemption shall be reinvested in a T-Bill maturing on or just before the index maturity date.

- c) If the last outstanding security (including T-Bill) in the index matures before the final index maturity date, all redemption proceeds shall be assumed to be re-invested in The Clearing Corporation of India Ltd.'s (CCIL) TREPS overnight rate for any subsequent days till the maturity of the index.
- The relative weights of the Government securities and asset classes will change due to price movement and will be reset during the 6 monthly rebalancing.
- While rebalancing (security addition / deletion / weights reset), Impact Cost for each asset class will be as follows:
 - o G-sec: 1.5 bps on each leg (total 3 bps)
 - o T-bills: 0 bps on each leg (total 0 bps)

Any index having maturity date on a weekend (Saturday and Sunday) or on a holiday, or on an unplanned market off, will mature on the next working day.

The AMC shall ensure compliance with all the provisions stipulated under para 3.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 on “Development of Passive Funds” and index methodology & rebalancing shall also be in line with the provisions of the said circular.

Index Constituents

The updated constituents of the Index will be made available on the website of the Fund. The constituents of the Index as on May 31, 2024 is as under:

Asset Class	ISIN	Issuer	Final Maturity	Weights
Gilt	IN0020060078	Central Government	15-Feb-27	14.29%
	IN0020170026	Central Government	15-May-27	15.28%
	IN0020220037	Central Government	20-Jun-27	68.42%
T-Bills	IN002024X029	Central Government	12-Jul-24	0.67%
	IN002024X037	Central Government	19-Jul-24	0.67%
	IN002024X045	Central Government	25-Jul-24	0.67%

Impact cost of the constituents

Criteria review notice for impact cost for target date indices:

The impact cost to be applied for securities forming part of CRISIL Gilt 2027 & CRISIL Gilt 2028 Index shall be standardized as below:

Asset class	Yield impact while purchasing (basis points)	Yield impact while selling (basis points)	Total effective impact cost (basis points)	Total effective impact cost as per existing customized methodology
Gilt	-1.5	1.5	3	6
Tbills	0	0	0	2

E. OTHER SCHEME SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES:

Listing and transfer of units	i) Listing: Being an open-ended Scheme under which sale and repurchase of Units will be made on continuous basis by the Mutual Fund, the Units of the Scheme are generally not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the AMC may at its sole discretion, list the Units under the Scheme on one or more stock exchanges at a later date, if deemed necessary. ii) Transfer of units The Unit holders are given an option to hold the Units by way of an Account Statement (physical form) or in Dematerialized (demat form). As described below, units held in Demat mode as well as in physical form (account statement) are transferable. Transfer of units held in Demat mode: Such units are transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP.
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	Transfer of units held in physical form: Units held in physical form are normally not certified. However, if an applicant so desires to transfer units, the AMC, upon submission of documents which will be prescribed from time to time, shall certify the units and issue a fresh statement / certificate to the extent of certified units to the investor within 5 business days of the receipt of request. If the investor intends to transfer units, it could be done to the extent of certified units mandatorily using the statement/certificate issued post certification of units. Certificate / statement issued post certifying of units must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for Transfer. AMC reserves the right to accept the request for certification of units. The AMC reserves the right to reject the application for transfer, post acceptance of the same, if any of the requisite documents / declarations are unavailable or incomplete. Also, unitholders are required to surrender the certificate/ statement in case they wish to carry out any other transactions (such as redemption, switch, etc.) post unit certification. A person becoming entitled to hold the Units in consequence of the death, insolvency, or winding up of the sole holder or the survivors of joint holders, upon producing evidence and documentation to the satisfaction of the Fund and upon executing suitable indemnities in favor of the Fund and the AMC, shall be registered as a Unit holder if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Where the Units of the Plan(s) are issued in demat form in the Demat account of the investor, the nomination as registered with the DP will be applicable to the Units of the Plan(s). A Nominee / legal heir approaching the Fund for Transmission of Units must have beneficiary account with a DP of CDSL or NSDL, since the Units shall be in demat mode. It may be noted that the nominee / legal heir is required to provide a copy of his / her PAN card as well as fulfill the Know Your Customer (KYC) requirements which is a pre-requisite for the transmission process. In the event of transmission of units to a Minor, documents submitted including KYC, bank attestation,
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	indemnity etc. should be of the guardian of the minor. Investor(s) claiming transmission of Units in his / their name(s) are required to submit prescribed documents based on the kind of scenario for transmission. Kindly refer the Fund's website (www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in) for a ready reckoner matrix of necessary documents under different transmission scenarios. The Fund may also seek additional documents if the amount involved is above Rs. 5 lacs, on a case to case basis or depending upon the circumstances of each case.
Dematerialization of units	Option to hold Units in dematerialized (Demat) form An option is available to investors to receive allotment of mutual fund Units in their demat account while subscribing to any scheme of the Fund. Unit holders opting to hold the Units in demat form must provide their demat account details in the specified section of the application form and should furnish Bank Account details linked with their demat account. (Kindly refer the application form for Demat available on the Fund's website, www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in). Units will be credited to the investor's demat account after due verification and confirmation from NSDL / CDSL of the demat account details. The bank mandate registered in the demat account will be treated as the valid bank mandate for the purpose of payout by the Fund. The option to subscribe / hold Units in demat form shall be in accordance with the guidelines / procedural requirements laid down by the Depositories (NSDL / CDSL) from time to time. The option to hold Units in demat mode also includes allotment of Units made through SIP transactions in any scheme of the Fund, which offers the SIP facility. For SIP transactions, Units will be allotted as per 'Applicable NAV for Sale of Units' as mentioned under Section II. 'Units and Offer' and will be credited to the investor's demat account on a weekly basis upon realization of funds. The demat facility is currently not available in plans / options where the IDCW distribution frequency is less than 1 month. In case the Unit holder desires to hold the Units in a dematerialized / rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of Units held in physical form into demat (electronic) form or vice-versa should be submitted along with a Demat / Remat Request Form to the Depository

	Participant. Unitholders will be required to submit all non-financial requests and redemption requests to their respective Depository Participant, for Units held in demat form. Such Units held in demat form will be transferable subject to the provisions laid down in the SID / SAI and / or KIM of the Fund and in accordance with provisions of Depositories Act, 1996 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996, as may be amended from time to time. The asset management company shall issue units in dematerialized form to a unit holder in a scheme within two working days of the receipt of request from the unit holder.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	Not applicable, as there is continuous offer of Units of the Scheme (s) at NAV based prices.
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable
Dividend (IDCW) Policy	IDCW Distribution Policy The Board of Directors of Trustee Company propose to follow the below dividend distribution policy: Declaration of IDCW for the scheme is subject to the availability of distributable surplus. Such IDCWs if declared will be paid under normal circumstances, only to those Unit holders who have opted for Payout of IDCW option with specified sub-options. Further, no entry / exit load shall be charged for units allotted under Reinvestment of IDCW option. However, it must be distinctly understood that the actual declaration of IDCWs under the Scheme and the frequency thereof will, inter-alia, depend upon the distributable surplus of the Scheme, as computed in accordance with SEBI Regulations. The Board of Directors of Trustee Company reserve the right of IDCW declaration and to change the frequency, date of declaration and the decision of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company in this regard shall be final. There is no assurance or guarantee to Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW distribution nor that IDCW will be regularly paid. The IDCW that may be paid out of the net surplus of the

	Scheme will be paid only to those Unit holders whose names appear in the register of Unit holders on the notified record date. In case of Units held in dematerialized mode, the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) will give the list of demat account holders and the number of units held by them in demat form on the Record Date to the Registrars and Transfer Agent of the Mutual Fund. The IDCW will be at such rate as may be decided by the AMC in consultation with the Board of Directors of Trustee Company. Investors may please note that amounts distributed under Income Distributable cum capital withdrawal options and sub-options, can be made out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve), which is a part of sale price that represents realized gains. Under the Growth Option, income earned on the Scheme's corpus will remain invested in the Scheme and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value (NAV). Unit holders who opt for this Option will not receive any IDCW in normal circumstances. Under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option (IDCW), it is proposed to distribute IDCWs at regular intervals, subject to availability of distributable profits, as computed in accordance with SEBI Regulations. Investors in the Scheme have the choice of opting for either payout or reinvestment of IDCW, as stated above. Subsequent to the declaration of IDCW, NAV of the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option (IDCW) and Growth Option will be different. IDCW Distribution Procedure In accordance with Chapter 11 and para 13.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the procedure for IDCW Distribution would be as under: - Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Board of Directors of Trustee Company in their meeting. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. - Within one calendar day of decision by the Board of Directors of Trustee Company, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the
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	Mutual Fund is situated. iii. Record date shall be the date which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving IDCWs. As para 11.6.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the record date shall be 2 working days from the date of public notice. iv. The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Option would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if applicable). v. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date. vi. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund. In case of Liquid / Debt Scheme(s), the requirement of giving notice regarding the quantum and record date of the dividend in two newspapers shall not be compulsory for Scheme(s) / Plan(s)/Option(s) having frequency of dividend distribution from daily up to monthly dividend. The IDCW proceeds may be paid by way of IDCW warrants/direct credit/ Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) /any other manner through the investor's bank account specified in the Registrar's records. The AMC, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment. As per para 11.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 the AMC shall transfer the dividend proceeds within 7 working days from the record date. If the actual amount of Payout of IDCW is less than Rs. 100/-, then such dividend will be compulsorily and automatically re-invested by issuing additional units on the ex-dividend date at applicable NAV. The amount of dividend reinvested will be net of applicable taxes. Further, AMC may use modes such as speed post, courier etc. for payments to unitholders in addition to the registered post with acknowledgement due.
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	Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) and instructions under the Key Information Memorandum cum Application form of the scheme for further details.		
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	i. Allotment of Units in the scheme For allotment of units in the scheme, it shall be ensured that: i. Application is received before the applicable cut-off time. ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the schemes before the cut-off time. iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the schemes. For allotment of units in respect of switch-in into the scheme, it shall be ensured that: i. Application for switch-in is received before the applicable cut-off time. ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the respective switch-in schemes before the cut-off time. iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the switch-in scheme. The Mutual Fund shall calculate NAV for each business day in respect of the above scheme / plan(s). Explanation: ‘Business Day’ does not include a day on which the money markets are closed or otherwise not accessible. Further, it may be noted that: 1. Where funds are transferred / received first and application is submitted thereafter, date and time of receipt of the application shall be considered for NAV applicability. 2. In case of systematic transactions, NAV will be applied basis realization of funds in the scheme account. This shall be applicable for all Systematic transactions (Systematic Investment Plans as well as for Systematic Transfer Plans) irrespective of amount and registration date of the systematic transactions. Applicable NAV for Sale of Units <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Applicable NAV</th></tr></table>	Particulars	Applicable NAV
Particulars	Applicable NAV		

	where the application is received upto 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time	closing NAV of the day on which the application is received
	where the application is received after 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for utilization on the same day	closing NAV of the next business day
The Mutual Fund shall calculate NAV for each calendar day in respect of the Scheme/Plan. Valid applications for ‘switch-out’ shall be treated as applications for Redemption and valid applications for ‘switch-in’ shall be treated as applications for Purchase, and the provisions of the Cut-off time, purchase / redemption price, minimum amounts for Purchase / Redemption and the Applicable NAV as applicable to Purchase and Redemption, as mentioned in above paragraph, shall be applied respectively to the ‘switch-in’ and ‘switch-out’ applications. Note: Repurchase / Redemptions including Switch-outs for Segregated Portfolio is not allowed. However, the unit of Segregated Portfolio will be listed on the recognized Stock Exchange.		
ii. Dispatch of account statements/unit certificates a. The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form). b. A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month. c. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds		

	and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable For further details, refer SAI.
Refund	Not applicable, as there is continuous offer of Units of the Scheme (s) at NAV based prices.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the Scheme is suitable to your risk profile. The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to purchase of units of mutual funds being permitted and duly authorized under their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorisations and relevant statutory provisions etc): • Adult individuals resident in India, either singly or jointly • Minor through parent / lawful guardian • Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, Association of Persons, Bodies of individuals, Societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, mutual fund schemes (so long as the purchase of units is permitted under the respective constitutions) • Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private Trust authorized to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds • Partnership Firms • Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) • Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) & Financial Institutions • Non-resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin on full repatriation basis (subject to RBI approval, if required) or on non-repatriation basis • Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) registered with SEBI on full repatriation basis (subject to RBI approval, if required) • Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds and eligible institutions • Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations • Provident / Pension / Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest • International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India / RBI • Other schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed in SEBI Regulations

	• The Board of Directors of Trustee Company, AMC or Sponsor or their associates (if eligible and permitted under prevailing laws), may subscribe to the Units under the Scheme. • Foreign investors (termed as Qualified Foreign Investors) who meet KYC requirement as per PMLA (Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002) and FATF (Financial Action Task Force) standards. Acceptance of subscriptions by Foreign investors will be subject to operational feasibility in accepting the same and compliance with provisions under SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/14/2011 dated August 9, 2011. • Sole Proprietorship • A Mutual Fund through its schemes, including Fund of Funds schemes.
Who cannot invest	The following persons/entities cannot invest in any schemes of the Fund: • United States Person as defined under the Laws of the United States of America, including, without limitation, the rules and regulations promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission; or is a person who has elected to be treated as a US tax resident for US federal income tax purposes; • Persons residing in Canada; • Persons residing in any Financial Action Task Force (FATF) declared non-compliant country or territory. • Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs), being firms and societies which are held directly / indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs and / or overseas trusts in which at least 60% of the beneficial interest is similarly held irrevocably by such persons. a. Persons who are, subject to sanctions or residing in or have any of their addresses in countries which are subject to sanctions. b. Persons who are in breach of the laws and regulations relating to KYC, money laundering, terrorist financing or any other Financial Crimes. • Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time. Note: a. Investors are requested to note that if subsequently an investor's status is changed to being a United States Person or investor's folio is updated with a US/Canada address, the AMC reserves the right to redeem such investor's investments. b. Non-Resident Indian investors must provide their complete overseas address, including the Country of residence, in the application form, to avoid rejection of the application. c. The Board of Directors of Trustee Company and / or AMC shall

	be entitled to reject any application from investors and / or carry out forceful redemption of Units when it is discovered that the investor is subject to sanctions or any other financial crimes, directly or indirectly. d. The AMC and its Group companies (in India and outside India) are required to and may take any action to meet their Compliance Obligations relating to or in connection with the detection, investigation and prevention of Financial Crime and act in accordance with the laws, regulations and requests of public and regulatory authorities operating in various jurisdictions which relate to Financial Crime. The AMC may take, and may instruct (or be instructed by) any of its group companies to take, any action which it or such other member, in its sole and absolute discretion, considers appropriate to take in accordance with all such laws, regulations and requests. Such action may include but is not limited to (a) combining investor information with other related information in the possession of HSBC Group, (b) making further enquiries as to the status of a person or entity, whether they are subject to a sanctions regime, or confirming your identity and status and / or (c) share information on a confidential basis with such Group offices whether located in India or overseas in relation to prevention of Financial Crime. e. In case an investor who is a foreign national and resident in India, ceases to be resident in India, such investor will be required to redeem his / her investments prior to change in the resident status. The AMC reserves the right to redeem investments of such investors if their resident status is found to have changed to a country other than India. The redemption proceeds will be credited in Indian rupees only. Further, the AMC, its affiliates or service providers reserve the right to seek additional documents, implement controls and / or impose restrictions with respect to acceptance of investments from foreign nationals resident in India including the right to reject applications or subsequently redeem investments which are not in line with the controls deemed necessary by the AMC. f. Investors are requested to note that if subsequently an investor's status is changed to being a United States Person or investor's folio is updated with a US/Canada address, the AMC reserves the right to redeem such investor's investments. Even if the AMC, at its sole discretion, allows such categories of investors to continue with the existing investments in the Scheme (i.e. the investments made prior to such status change), the AMC/Fund shall not accept any further transactions requests (other than non-financial transactions and redemptions) from such investors and all existing systematic investment registrations would stand cancelled. In case of investors transferred to HSBC Mutual Fund
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	from the erstwhile L&T Mutual Fund, who are United States Person or Persons residing in Canada, the existing investments from such investors in the Scheme (i.e. the investments made prior to such transfer) shall be allowed to be continued, however all existing systematic investment registrations would stand cancelled. The AMC/Fund shall not accept any further transactions requests (other than non-financial transactions and redemptions) from such investors.” <i>For the purpose of this clause:</i> “Compliance Obligations” means obligations of the AMC to comply with: (a) laws or international guidance and internal policies or procedures, (b) any demand or request from authorities or reporting disclosure or other obligations under laws, and (c) laws requiring us to verify the identity of our customers. “Financial Crime” includes money laundering, terrorist financing bribery, corruption, tax evasion, fraud, evasion of economic or trade sanctions, and / or any acts or attempts to circumvent or violate any laws relating to these matters.” Investors are requested to note that information will be obtained from CVL / SEBI appointed KRA (KYC Registration Agency) database and information in the AMC records will be overwritten. In the event of any discrepancy in the application on account of address or residence status, the application will be rejected and the money will be refunded upon confirmation from CVL / KRA database. The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, any application for Units may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company. The Board of Directors of Trustee Company may inter-alia reject any application for the purchase of Units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if the Board of Directors of Trustee Company for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unit holders to accept such an application.
How to Apply and other details	1. Availability of Application Form For Investors, who wish to opt for holding Units in demat mode, the applicants under the scheme (including a transferee) will be required to have a beneficiary account with a DP of NSDL / CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the

	DP's name, DP ID Number and its beneficiary owner account number (BO ID) with DP. In the absence of the information (including incomplete / incorrect information) in respect of DP ID / BO ID, the application will be processed with statement option as 'physical'. Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of a Scheme are required to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form e.g. "HSBC CRISIL IBX Gilt June 2027 Fund - Direct Plan". Investors are also required to indicate "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form. However, in case Distributor Code is mentioned in the application form but "Direct Plan" is indicated against the Scheme name, the Distributor Code will be ignored and the application will be processed under Direct Plan. Further, new investors who are not KYC compliant are requested to use the Common KYC Application form available on the website of the Fund and complete the KYC process including In-Person Verification (IPV), through any SEBI registered intermediary like Mutual Funds, Portfolio Managers, Depository Participants, Venture Capital Funds etc. The Investors can also complete online KYC (eKYC) through our Invest Online section on our website (https://invest.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in). Subscription of Units through Online platform: The Fund allows its investors to invest in any scheme of HSBC Mutual Fund through its website https://invest.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in and mobile application 'Invest Xpress' The Fund will also allow existing investors to transact through the website of the Fund's Registrar & Transfer Agent (CAMS), i.e. www.camsonline.com. 2. Link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. The applications filled up and duly signed by the applicants may be submitted at the AMC Investor Service Centres(ISC) / CAMS Service Centre/ Official Points of Acceptance. Please check weblink (List of Official Point of Acceptance (OPA), Collection Bankers etc.) for an updated list of the Official Points of Acceptance, collecting banker of HSBC Mutual Fund. For details on CAMS Service Centres, please visit www.camsonline.com. Additionally, website/mobile application of MFUI shall be
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	eligible to be considered as ‘official points of acceptance’ for all financial and non-financial transactions in the schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund electronically. Further, all the authorized Point of Service (POS) of MFUI shall be eligible to be considered as ‘official points of acceptance’ for all physical financial and non-financial transactions in the schemes of HSBC Mutual Fund For further information kindly refer to the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com. Investors can also execute financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of the Fund electronically on the MF Central portal i.e. https://www.mfcentral.com / as and when such facility is made available by MF Central. However, the Fund will not be liable for any failure to act upon electronic instructions or to provide any facility for any cause that is beyond the control of the Fund. 3. Details of Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T) alongwith OPT Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) HSBC Mutual Fund Unit Rayala Tower-I, 158, Anna Salai, Chennai 600002. AMC Call Center: 1800-200-2434/ 1800-258-2434 AMC Email ID: investor.line@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in For details on CAMS Service Centres, please visit www.camsonline.com. For the list of OPT and collecting banker, please click on the weblink provided under point # 2 above. Beneficial Ownership: SEBI circular dated January 24, 2013 read with SEBI Circular dated October 13, 2023 on identification of Beneficial Ownership has prescribed a uniform approach to be followed for determination of beneficial owners. A ‘Beneficial owner’ is defined as a natural person/s who ultimately own, control or influence a client and / or persons on whose behalf a transaction is being conducted, which includes persons who exercise ultimate effective control over a legal person or arrangement. All categories of investors (except individuals, company listed on a stock exchange or majority-owned subsidiary of such company) are requested to provide details about beneficial ownership in the specified section of the Fund’s application forms. The Fund reserves the right to reject applications (including switches) / restrict further investments from such investors or seek additional
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	information if the requisite information on beneficial ownership is not duly provided. In the event of change in beneficial ownership, investors are requested to update the details with the Fund / Registrar. Third party Cheques i. Third party payments (i.e where payment is made from a source other than that of the first holder) will not be accepted by the Fund, except if made under the following exceptional categories, namely, i) employer on behalf of employee as payroll deductions or deductions out of expense reimbursements for SIP / Lumpsum investments, ii) Custodian on behalf of FPI / client and iii) Payment by Asset Management Company (AMC) to a Distributor empaneled with it on account of commission / incentive etc. in the form of the Mutual Fund Units of the Funds managed by the AMC through Systematic Investment Plans or Lumpsum Investment (w.e.f January 16, 2012). iv) Payment by a Corporate to its Agent/Distributor / Dealer, on account of commission or incentive payable for sale of its goods / services, in the form of the Mutual Fund Units through Systematic Investment Plan or Lumpsum Investment (w.e.f. April 20, 2015). In such cases, KYC acknowledgement along with additional declarations will have to be submitted along with the application form, failing which the application will be rejected. Such declaration to be submitted in original & in the prescribed standard format and unique across each lumpsum investment. (Declaration formats can be obtained from ISCs or downloaded from the Fund's website.) ii. In case of payment from a joint bank account, first holder in the folio has to be one of the joint holders of the bank account from which the payment is made. Hence, joint holders may pre-register their bank accounts (single / multiple) with the AMC / RTA, by completing the Multiple Bank Account Registration Form, if they intend to make payment on behalf of other joint holder(s) in the folio. In such cases the application will be accepted and not treated as a third party payment. ii. Where the payment instrument does not mention the bank account holders name/s or Signature of the units holder as on the investment application does not match with the signature on the payment instrument, investor should attach a cancelled cheque leaf / bank pass book copy to substantiate that the first unit holder is one of the joint holders of the bank account. Where a payment is through a pre-funded instrument, a bank certification of the bank account no. and account holders name should be attached, in the required format. Pre-funded instrument issued against cash shall not be accepted for investments of Rs. 50,000 or more. For RT v. GS / NEFT / online bank transfer etc., a copy of the instruction to
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	the bank stating the account number debited must accompany the purchase application. v. The AMC reserves the right to reject the application, post acceptance of the same, if any of the requisite documents / declarations are unavailable or incomplete, in which case the AMC shall refund the subscription money. Bank Account Numbers In order to protect the interest of investors from fraudulent encashment of cheques, cheques specify the name of the Unitholder and the bank name and account number where payments are to be credited. As per the directive issued by SEBI vide its letters IIMARP/MF/ CIR/07/826/98 dated April 15, 1998, and para 14.12 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank details in their applications for purchase or redemption of units. It is important for applicants to mention their bank name, bank account number, branch address, and account type in their applications for subscription or repurchase of Units. Applications without this information shall be rejected. Where the Bank Account details provided for the purpose of Redemption/IDCW payout is different from the Bank Account, which is used for Subscription, then a proof of such bank account should be enclosed along with the Subscription application. Please refer Section II – Bank Mandate for more details. Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) and instructions under the Key Information Memorandum cum Application form of the scheme for further details.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Presently the AMC does not intend to reissue the repurchased units. The Board of Directors of Trustee Company reserves the right to reissue the repurchased units at a later date after issuing adequate public notices and taking approvals, if any, from SEBI.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	i. Lien / Pledge of Mutual Fund units If in conformity with the guidelines and notifications issued by SEBI / Government of India / any other regulatory body from time to time, Units under the Plan(s) may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favor of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), or any other body. Units held in physical form: The AMC and / or the ISC will note and record such pledged / Lien marked Units. A standard form for

	this purpose is available on request from any ISC and can be downloaded from the AMC's website. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund assumes no responsibility thereof. The Pledgor will not be able to redeem / switch Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are Lien marked / pledged provides written authorization to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien charge may be removed. As long as Units are Lien marked / pledged, the pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units. The distributions in the nature of IDCWs which are paid out on Lien marked /pledged Units shall be made in favor of the investor, unless understood and accepted between the unit holder(s) and financier/ lender. Units held in dematerialized form: In case of Units held in dematerialized form, the rules of Depository will be applicable for Lien marking / Pledge of the Units of the Scheme. Units can be Lien marked / pledged by completing the requisite forms / formalities as may be required by the Depository. The AMC reserves the right to change the procedure for Lien marking / pledge of MF Units from time to time. Fractional Units Since a request for redemption or purchase is generally made in rupee amounts and not in terms of number of Units of the Scheme, an investor may be left with fractional Units. Fractional Units will be computed and accounted for up to three decimal places for the Scheme. However, fractional Units will in no way affect the investor's ability to redeem the Units, either in part or in full, standing to the Unitholder's credit. ii. Suspension of Sale /Repurchase/ Switch-in of Units The Mutual Fund at its sole discretion reserves the right to withdraw / suspend sale (via fresh / additional subscriptions / switch- ins / existing or fresh SIP / STP or such other special product) of the Units in the scheme temporarily or indefinitely, if in the opinion of the AMC, the general market conditions are not favourable and / or suitable investment opportunities are not available for deployment of funds. The sale or switch - in of the Units may be suspended under the following conditions: • When one or more stock exchanges or markets, which provide basis for valuation for a substantial portion of the assets of the Scheme is closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays. • In the event of breakdown in the means of communication use
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	for the valuation of investments of the Scheme, without which the value of the securities of the scheme cannot be accurately calculated. • During periods of extreme volatility of markets, which in the opinion of the AMC are prejudicial to the interests of the Unitholders of the Scheme. • When AMC is of the view that further increasing the size of the corpus of the Scheme may prove detrimental to the interest of the existing unit holders. • In case of natural calamities, strikes, riots and bandhs. • In the event of any force majeure or disaster that affects the normal functioning of the AMC, ISC or the Registrar. • If so directed by SEBI.” Further, an order to purchase Units is not binding on and may be rejected by the Board of Directors of Trustee Company, the AMC or their respective agents, until it has been confirmed in writing by the AMC or its agents and payment has been received. iii) Suspension of Redemption of units The AMC may, subject to specific approval of the Boards of AMC and Trustee Company, impose restrictions on redemptions (including switch- out) in the scheme(s) if there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as: a) Liquidity issues in the market at large. b) Market failures and / or exchange closures due to unexpected events relating to, but not limited to, political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies. c) Operational issues due to exceptional circumstances like force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures. • Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specific period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. • Any imposition of restrictions on redemption will be informed to SEBI. • In the event that redemption restrictions are imposed by the AMC, in addition to above requirements, the AMC will ensure the following: a) Redemption request up to Rs. 2 lakh shall not be subject to such restriction. b) For redemption request above Rs. 2 lakh, the AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restriction and
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	the remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakh, shall be subject to restriction, as may be imposed iv) Freezing / Seizure of Accounts Investors may note that under the following circumstances, the Board of Directors of Trustee Company / AMC may at its sole discretion (and without being responsible and / or liable in any manner whatsoever) freeze/seize / do such acts to a Unit holder's account as per instructions (or deal with the same in the manner the Board of Directors of Trustee Company / AMC is directed and / or ordered) under the Scheme:- • Under any requirement of any law or regulations for the time being in force. • Under the direction and / or order (including interim orders) of any regulatory/statutory authority or any judicial authority or any quasi-judicial authority or such other competent authority having the powers to give direction and / or order.														
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	This is the time before which an investor's application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance. The cut off timings for determining applicable NAVs for subscriptions / redemptions / switch-ins / switch-outs to be made at the Investor Service Centres / Designated Collection Centres (designated as 'Official Points of Acceptance' from time to time) are as per the following table: <table><tr><th>Subscription</th><th>Redemption</th><th>Switch In</th><th>Switch Out</th></tr><tr><td>3.00 p.m.</td><td>3.00 p.m.</td><td>3.00 p.m.</td><td>3.00 p.m.</td></tr></table> Where a request for redemption / switch is received after the cut-off time as mentioned above, the request will be deemed to have been received on the next Business Day. i. Applicable NAV for Sale of Units <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Applicable NAV</th></tr><tr><td>where the application is received upto 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time</td><td>closing NAV of the day on which the application is received</td></tr><tr><td>where the application is received after 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for</td><td>closing NAV of the next business day</td></tr></table>	Subscription	Redemption	Switch In	Switch Out	3.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	Particulars	Applicable NAV	where the application is received upto 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time	closing NAV of the day on which the application is received	where the application is received after 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for	closing NAV of the next business day
Subscription	Redemption	Switch In	Switch Out												
3.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.												
Particulars	Applicable NAV														
where the application is received upto 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time	closing NAV of the day on which the application is received														
where the application is received after 3:00 p.m. on a day and funds are available for	closing NAV of the next business day														

	<table><tr><td>utilization on the same day</td><td></td></tr></table>	utilization on the same day																	
utilization on the same day																			
	ii. Applicable NAV for Repurchase of Units <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Applicable NAV</th></tr><tr><td>where the application is received upto 3.00 pm</td><td>closing NAV of the day of the day of receipt of application</td></tr><tr><td>where the application is received after 3.00 pm</td><td>closing NAV of the next business day.</td></tr></table> The Mutual Fund shall calculate NAV for each calendar day in respect of the Scheme/Plan. Valid applications for ‘switch-out’ shall be treated as applications for Redemption and valid applications for ‘switch-in’ shall be treated as applications for Purchase, and the provisions of the Cut-off time, purchase / redemption price, minimum amounts for Purchase / Redemption and the Applicable NAV as applicable to Purchase and Redemption, as mentioned in above paragraph, shall be applied respectively to the ‘switch-in’ and ‘switch-out’ applications. Note: Repurchase / Redemptions including Switch-outs for Segregated Portfolio is not allowed. However, the unit of Segregated Portfolio will be listed on the recognized Stock Exchange.	Particulars	Applicable NAV	where the application is received upto 3.00 pm	closing NAV of the day of the day of receipt of application	where the application is received after 3.00 pm	closing NAV of the next business day.												
Particulars	Applicable NAV																		
where the application is received upto 3.00 pm	closing NAV of the day of the day of receipt of application																		
where the application is received after 3.00 pm	closing NAV of the next business day.																		
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches	i. Minimum amount for purchase/switch-ins For Lump sum Investments <table><tr><th>Minimum Investment Amount</th><th>Additional Investment:</th></tr><tr><td>Rs. 5,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.</td><td>Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.</td></tr></table> For SIP Investments <table><tr><th>Frequency</th><th>Minimum Amount*</th><th>Minimum installments</th><th>Dates</th></tr><tr><td>Weekly</td><td>Rs. 500/-</td><td>12</td><td rowspan="3">Any Date</td></tr><tr><td>Monthly</td><td>Rs. 1,000/-</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>Quarterly</td><td>Rs. 1,500/-</td><td>4</td></tr></table> *in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter. ii. Minimum amount for redemption/switch-outs or minimum no. of Units to be redeemed	Minimum Investment Amount	Additional Investment:	Rs. 5,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.	Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.	Frequency	Minimum Amount*	Minimum installments	Dates	Weekly	Rs. 500/-	12	Any Date	Monthly	Rs. 1,000/-	12	Quarterly	Rs. 1,500/-	4
Minimum Investment Amount	Additional Investment:																		
Rs. 5,000/- per application and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.	Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.																		
Frequency	Minimum Amount*	Minimum installments	Dates																
Weekly	Rs. 500/-	12	Any Date																
Monthly	Rs. 1,000/-	12																	
Quarterly	Rs. 1,500/-	4																	

	Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter or 50 units and in multiples of 0.01 unit thereafter. Clause 6.10 of SEBI Master circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 (Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes) has, inter alia mandated that a minimum of 20% of gross annual CTC net of income tax and any statutory contributions of the Designated Employees of the AMCs shall be invested in units of the scheme(s) of the Fund in which they have a role/oversight. The said guidelines came into effect from the October 1, 2021. In accordance with the regulatory requirement, the minimum redemption amount wherever specified in the SID of the Fund will not be applicable for investment made in schemes of the Fund in compliance with the aforesaid circular. The AMC reserves the right to change the minimum application/ purchase amount, the minimum additional investment amount and the minimum amount for Redemption / Switches under the Scheme from time to time.
Accounts Statements	i. The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form). ii. A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month. iii. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable For further details, refer SAI.
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within 7 working days from the record date.
Redemption	As per para 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the Fund shall dispatch/transfer the redemption / repurchase proceeds within 3 working Days, from the date of acceptance of redemption or repurchase request at any of the Investor Service Centres/Official Point of Transaction Acceptance

	The Fund may close Unitholder's account if the balance in the folio falls below the minimum redemption amount as mentioned above for the scheme. In such a case, entire Units available in the Unitholder's account will mandatorily be redeemed at an Applicable NAV with the applicable load, if any. Further, as per AMFI circular no. AMFI/35P/MEM-COR/74/2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in case of exceptional situations the AMC might follow the additional timelines for making redemption payments. For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 For NRIs / FPIs The Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 (the "FEMA Regulations") permit a NRI to purchase on repatriation or non-repatriation basis, without limit, units of domestic mutual funds. Payment for such units must be made either by: (i) inward remittance through normal banking channels; or (ii) out of funds held in the NRE / FCNR account, or (iii) Indian Rupee drafts purchased abroad in the case of purchases on a repatriation basis or out of funds held in the NRE / FCNR / NRO account, in the case of purchases on a non-repatriation basis. In case Indian Rupee drafts are purchased abroad or from FCNR / NRE accounts, an account debit certificate from the bank / financial entity issuing the draft confirming the debit shall also be enclosed. NRIs shall also be required to furnish such other documents as may be necessary and as desired by the AMC / Mutual Fund/Registrar, in connection with the investment in the schemes. The FEMA Regulations also permit a registered FPI to purchase, on repatriation basis, units of domestic mutual funds provided the FPI restricts allocation of its total investment between equity and debt instruments in the ratio as applicable at the time of investments. Payment by the FPI must be made either by inward remittance through normal banking channels or out of funds held in foreign currency account or non-resident rupee account maintained by the FPI with a designated branch of an authorised dealer with the approval of the RBI in terms of paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 to the FEMA Regulations. Redemption by NRIs / FPIs Units held by an NRI investor and FPIs may be redeemed by such investor by tendering Units to the Mutual Fund or for payment of maturity proceeds, subject to any procedures laid down by RBI from time to time. The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of any exchange fluctuations, while converting
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	the rupee amount in foreign exchange in the case of transactions with NRIs / FPIs. Provisions with respect to NRIs / FPIs stated above, is as per the AMC's understanding of the laws currently prevalent in India.
Bank Mandate	i) Bank Account Numbers In order to protect the interest of investors from fraudulent encashment of cheques, cheques specify the name of the Unitholder and the bank name and account number where payments are to be credited. As per the directive issued by SEBI vide its letters IIMARP/MF/ CIR/07/826/98 dated April 15, 1998, and para 14.12 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank details in their applications for purchase or redemption of units. It is important for applicants to mention their bank name, bank account number, branch address, account type in their applications for subscription or repurchase of Units. Applications without this information shall be rejected. Where the Bank Account details provided for the purpose of Redemption/IDCW payout is different from the Bank Account which is used for Subscription, then a proof of such bank account should be enclosed along with the Subscription application. It may be noted that in case of those Unitholders who hold Units in demat form, the bank mandate available with respective DP will be treated as the valid bank mandate for the purpose of payout at the time of any corporate action. ii) Change of Bank mandate Updation of Bank Account in a customer's account / folio should be submitted either using the Multiple Bank Account Registration Form or the standalone Change of Bank Mandate form only. Any request for change of bank mandate details will be accepted only if the Unit Holder provides any of the following documents along with the designated Multiple Bank Account Registration / Deletion form or a standalone separate Change of Bank Mandate form: Any one of the following documents to be provided for Existing (Old) as well as New Bank account: • Cancelled original cheque leaf with first Unit Holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque. OR • Copy of Bank Passbook having the name, address and account number of the account holder. • Bank Statement (issued within 3 months for new bank, in case of old bank account the date of statement will not be applicable) Unit holders are required to submit the supporting document for old bank account as well as new bank account while submitting the request for change of bank mandate.

	Important: The above documents should be either in original or copy to be submitted along with original produced for verification. In case if documents for the existing bank account are not available, kindly visit HSBC / CAMS office for In Person Verification along with PAN Card Copy / Photo Identification Proof for PAN Exempt cases. All documents to be self-attested. Kindly carry originals for adding a new bank. For more details, refer to the Application Form. iii) Multiple Bank accounts The unit holder / investor can register multiple bank account details under its existing folio by submitting separate form available on the website of the AMC at www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in. Individuals/HUF can register upto 5 different bank accounts for a folio, whereas non-individuals can register upto 10 different bank accounts for a folio.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds In the event of failure to dispatch/credit the redemption proceeds within 3 working days from the date of acceptance of redemption request, the Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @15% per annum). Delay in payment of IDCW proceeds As per para 11.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the AMC shall dispatch/credit payment of the IDCW proceeds within 7 working days from the record date. However, in the event of failure to dispatch/credit the IDCW proceeds within the above time, interest @ 15% per annum or such rate as may be specified by SEBI, would be paid to the Unit holders for the period of delay from the stipulated period for the dispatch/payment of IDCW payments.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	In accordance with clause 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated, May 19, 2023, the unclaimed Redemption amount and IDCW amount shall be invested in the separate plan of HSBC Overnight Fund. Unitholders shall note that in accordance with aforesaid clause of SEBI Master circular, HSBC Overnight Fund has four separate plans for the limited purpose of deploying the unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts. These plans are not available for regular investments / switches by investors. The investment objective, asset allocation pattern, investment strategy, risk factors and portfolio of these Plans are same as other existing plans of HSBC Overnight Fund. These plans will only have Growth option. Further, the Total Expense Ratio of these four plans will be capped, at 50 bps, as per extant SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and there will be no exit load charged, as required under the

	aforesaid circular. Investors who claim these unclaimed IDCW and redemption amounts during a period of 3 years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment. Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. AMC shall play a proactive role in tracing the rightful owner of the unclaimed amounts considering the steps suggested by regulator vide the referred circular. The list of names and address of unitholders in whose folios there are unclaimed amounts along with the process of claiming such unclaimed amounts are available on our website www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in. For further details refer to SAI.
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	Process for Investments made in the name of a Minor through a Guardian - As per SEBI circular dated, May 12, 2023, Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian else the transaction is liable to get rejected. - Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities. - Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major. - The above mentioned provisions are prescribed by para 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 read with SEBI circular dated May 12, 2023. - Existing unit holders are requested to review the Bank Account registered in the folio and ensure that the registered Bank Mandate is in favour of minor or joint with registered guardian in folio. If the registered Bank Account is not in favour of minor or not joint with registered guardian, unit holders will be required to submit the change of bank mandate, where minor is also a bank account holder (either single or joint with registered guardian), before initiation any redemption transaction in the folio, else the transaction is

	liable to get rejected. - Unit holders are required to submit the supporting document for old bank account as well as new bank account while submitting the request for change of bank mandate. - Investors are requested to note that information will be obtained from CVL / SEBI appointed KRA (KYC Registration Agency) database and information in the AMC records will be overwritten. In the event of any discrepancy in the application on account of address or residence status, the application will be rejected and the money will be refunded upon confirmation from CVL / KRA database. - The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, any application for Units may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the Board of Directors of Trustee Company. The Board of Directors of Trustee Company may inter-alia reject any application for the purchase of Units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if the Board of Directors of Trustee Company for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unit holders to accept such an application.
Any other disclosure in terms of Consolidated Checklist on Standard Observations	i. Risk-o-meter Based on the scheme characteristics, the Mutual Fund/AMC shall assign risk level for scheme. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of notice and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders of the Scheme. Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Mutual Funds/ AMCs shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all their schemes on their respective website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. Mutual Funds shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on their website and AMFI website. Mutual Funds shall publish the changes on the Risk-o-meter in the Annual Report and Abridged Summary based on the guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The AMC shall comply with the requirements of SEBI circulars/guidelines issued in this regard from time to time. ii. Scheme Summary Document The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document called 'Scheme Summary Document' for all the

	Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme including but not limited to Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format. iii. Creation of segregated portfolio In order to ensure fair treatment to all clause 4.4 of Master Circular, as amended from time to time has allowed creation of segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments by mutual fund schemes. Segregated Portfolio may be created, in case of a Credit Event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA). It is aimed at ring fencing a bad asset and restrict cascading effect of illiquidity on the rest of portfolio. This will ensure fair treatment to all investors in case of a Credit Event and allow HSBC AMC to deal with liquidity risk. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be optional and at the sole discretion of the AMC. The AMC shall make necessary disclosures as mandated by SEBI, in statement of account, monthly/ half yearly portfolio statements, KIM, SID, Scheme Advertisements, Scheme Performance data, AMC's website and at other places as may be specified. The NAV of the Segregated Portfolio shall be declared on daily basis. For more details, refer SAI.
Other Disclosures	i. Requirement of minimum investors in the schemes / plans of mutual funds The Scheme / Plan (s) shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme / Plan(s). However, if such limit is breached during the NFO of the Scheme, the Fund will endeavour to ensure that within a period of three months or the end of the succeeding calendar quarter from the close of the NFO of the Scheme, whichever is earlier, the Scheme complies with these two conditions. In case the Scheme / Plan(s) does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme / Plan(s) shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied

	within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard. ii. Compliance under FATCA India has executed an Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) with the U.S. and the Fund intends to take any measures that may be required to ensure compliance under the terms of the IGA and local implementing regulations. In order to comply with its FATCA obligations, the Fund will be required to obtain certain information from its investors so as to ascertain their U.S. tax status. If the investor is a specified U.S. person, U.S. owned non-U.S. entity, non-participating FFI (“NPFFI”) or does not provide the requisite documentation, the Fund may need to report information on these investors to the appropriate tax authority, as far as legally permitted. If an investor or an intermediary through which it holds its interest in the Fund either fails to provide the Fund its agents or authorised representatives with any correct, complete and accurate information that may be required for the Fund to comply with FATCA or is a NPFFI, Fund may be required to provide information about payment to NPFFI to upstream payor to enable them to make the appropriate FATCA withholding on NPFFIs. Further, we may be compelled to sell its interest in the Fund or, in certain situations, the investor’s interest in the Fund may be sold involuntarily. The Fund may at its discretion enter into any supplemental agreement without the consent of investors to provide for any measures that the Fund deems appropriate or necessary to comply with FATCA, subject to this being legally permitted under the IGA or the Indian laws and regulations. FATCA is globally applicable from July 1, 2014 and in order to comply with FATCA obligations, the Fund will, seek additional information from investors while accepting applications, in order to ascertain their U.S. Person status. The Fund will not accept applications which are not accompanied with information / documentation required to establish the U.S. Person status of investors. Investors are therefore requested to ensure that the details provided under Section “Confirmation under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) for determining US person status” of the application form are complete and accurate to avoid rejection of the application (updated forms are available
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	with ISCs or on Fund's website – www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in). Investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the FATCA requirements with respect to their own situation. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between any of these Terms and Conditions and those in any other service, product, business relationship, account or agreement between investor and HSBC, these terms shall prevail, to the extent permissible by applicable local law. If all or any part of the provisions of these Terms and Conditions become illegal, invalid or unenforceable in any respect under the law of any jurisdiction, that shall not affect or impair the legality, validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdictions or the remainder of these Terms and Conditions in that jurisdiction. These Terms and Conditions shall continue to apply notwithstanding the death, bankruptcy or incapacity of the investor, the closure of any investor account, the termination of HSBC's provision of the Services to the investor or the redemption of the investor's investment in the Fund. iii. Common Reporting Standards India has joined the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement (MCAA) on automatic exchange of financial information in Tax Matters, commonly known as Common Reporting Standards ('CRS'). All countries which are signatories to the MCAA are obliged to exchange a wide range of financial information after collecting the same from financial institutions in their jurisdiction. In accordance with Income Tax Act read with SEBI Circular nos. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated August 26, 2015 and CIR/MIRSD/3/2015 dated September 10, 2015 regarding implementation of CRS requirements, it shall be mandatory for all new investors to provide details and declaration pertaining to CRS in the application form, failing which the AMC shall have authority to reject the application. iv. Compliance with Volcker Rule The Volcker Rule is a part of the U.S. Dodd Frank Act which prohibits U.S. banks from proprietary trading and restricts investment in hedge funds and private equity by commercial banks and their affiliates. HSBC Holdings plc, is a U.S. regulated bank holding company and any entity (company, fund, trust, partnership etc.) located anywhere in the world, that is directly or indirectly controlled by the parent company is subject to the Volcker Rule. The Volcker Rule is effective from July 21, 2015. As part of HSBC's Volcker Conformance obligations, the Fund is required to implement a Compliance Programme to ensure on-going compliance with the Volcker Rule and the AMC must ensure that no HSBC affiliate (fund or business entity) invests in the Fund unless it has implemented necessary controls to ensure that the
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	ownership limits, in line with the Volcker Rule, can be met. Hence, the Scheme may not be able to accept subscriptions from HSBC group entities into the Scheme, aggregating to more than 25% of the voting rights of the Scheme. In the event of the aggregate investment by HSBC group entities crossing the above limits, the AMC will have the discretion to reject any subscription/switch applications received or redeem any excess exposure by the group entities in the Scheme, to be in compliance with the Volcker Rule.
Special Considerations (Please refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for more details)	The AMC is also registered as a Portfolio Manager under the SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993 vide registration no. INP000001322 and is deemed to be registered as such under SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 2020. The AMC has proper systems and controls in place to ensure that there is no conflict of interest between the activity of managing the schemes of the Mutual Fund and the activity of Portfolio Management Services and there exist systems to prohibit access to insider information. Further, an asset management company, subject to certain conditions, may also permitted to undertake activities in the nature of management and advisory services to pooled assets including off shore funds, insurance funds, pension funds, provident funds or such categories of foreign portfolio investor subject to such conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time, if any of such activities are not in conflict with the activities of the mutual fund. Accordingly, the AMC provides or may provide non-binding advisory services to offshore funds, through the fund managers managing the schemes of the Fund, as permitted under Regulation 24(b) of the Regulations. SEBI vide its email dated November 26, 2020 and letter dated March 20, 2024, accorded it's no objection to the AMC for providing such non-binding investment advisory services to offshore funds, which are appropriately regulated foreign portfolio investors, by the fund managers of the schemes of the Fund. The AMC has proper systems and controls in place to ensure that (a) there is no conflict of interest between the activities of managing the schemes of the Fund and other activities of the AMC; and (b) interest of the unit holders of the schemes of the Fund are protected at all times. In case of an unavoidable conflict of interest situation, the AMC shall make appropriate disclosures in an appropriate manner, which shall include the source of conflict, potential 'material risk or damage' to the Fund's investors' interests and detailed parameters for the same. Further, SEBI vide letter dated May 3, 2024, has accorded it's no objection to the AMC to undertake Alternate Investment Funds activity under the SEBI (Alternate Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012. The AMC before the launch of Alternate Investment Funds activity shall ensure that it has proper systems and controls in

	place to ensure that there is no conflict of interest between the activity of managing the schemes of the Mutual Fund and the activity of Alternate Investment Funds and there exist systems to prohibit access to insider information.
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III. OTHER DETAILS

A. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

i. **Half Yearly Portfolio Disclosures**

The AMC shall disclose portfolio of the Scheme (along with ISIN and yield of the instruments) as on the last day of every half year, within 10 days of close of each half-year on its website and on the website of AMFI in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.

Kindly refer (weblink - [Half Yearly Portfolio](#)) for half yearly portfolio disclosures.

ii. **Half yearly Disclosures: Financial Results**

The Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on 31st March and on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on AMC's website, containing details as specified in Twelfth Schedule of the Regulations and such other details as are necessary for the purpose of providing a true and fair view of the operations of the Fund.

Kindly refer (weblink - [Half yearly Results](#)) for half yearly Financial Results.

iii. **Annual Report**

A Scheme wise Annual Report / abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unitholders as soon as may be but not later than 4 months from 31 March of each year.

The abridged / full Scheme wise Annual Report shall contain such details as are required under the Regulations / Circulars issued thereafter.

The Fund shall provide the Scheme wise annual report / abridged summary thereof as under:

- (i) By hosting the same on the websites of the AMC and AMFI;
- (ii) The physical copy of the scheme wise annual report / abridged summary thereof shall be made available to the investors at the registered office of the AMC. A link of the scheme annual report or abridged summary shall be displayed prominently on the website of the Fund.
- (iii) By e-mailing the same to those Unit holders' whose e-mail address is registered with the Fund.

Unit holders are therefore requested to update their email address with the Fund to receive annual reports through email.

The AMC shall publish an advertisement every year disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on its website and on the website of AMFI. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi. Further, AMC shall provide modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter), etc. through which unitholders can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof.

Kindly refer (weblink - [Scheme Annual Report](#)) for Annual report.

B. TRANSPARENCY/NAV DISCLOSURE (DETAILS WITH REFERENCE TO INFORMATION GIVEN IN SECTION I)

This is the value per unit of the Scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.

NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day. The Unit holders may obtain the information on NAV of the prescribed days by calling the office of the AMC or any of the Investor Service Centres or on the website of the AMC at www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in. Further, AMC has extended the facility of sending latest available NAVs to unit holders through SMS, upon receiving a specific request for the same. For detailed process of receiving the latest NAV through SMS, please visit www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in.

The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and the Fund's website (www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in) by 11.00 p.m. of every Business Day. However, the AMC will endeavour to update the NAVs on the above websites daily by 11:00 p.m. of every Business Day, in case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI by the next day. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

The NAVs will be determined on every Business Day except under special circumstances specified in this SID.

The NAV of the Segregated Portfolio shall be declared on daily basis.

C. TRANSACTION CHARGES AND STAMP DUTY

a. Transaction charges

Transaction charges as follows will be deducted by the Fund, from the subscription received from investors and paid to distributors / agents who have opted to receive the transaction charge.

(i) First Time Investor in Mutual Fund (across all Mutual Funds)

Transaction charge of Rs. 150/- per subscription of Rs. 10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor / agent of the first time investor and the balance shall be invested in the relevant scheme opted by the investor.

(ii) Existing Investor in Mutual Fund

Transaction charge of Rs. 100/- per subscription of Rs. 10,000 and above will be deducted by the Fund from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor / agent of the investor and the balance shall be invested in the relevant scheme opted by the investor.

However, transaction charges in case of investments through SIP under (i) and (ii) above shall be deducted only if the total commitment (i.e. amount per SIP installment x No. of installments) amounts to Rs. 10,000/- or more. The transaction charge shall be deducted in 4 equal installments, starting from the 2nd installment to the 5th installment.

(iii) Transaction charges shall not be deducted for :

- a. Purchases / subscriptions for an amount less than Rs. 10,000;
- b. Transactions other than purchases / subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch / STP / SWP etc.;
- c. Purchases / subscriptions made directly with the Fund without any ARN code i.e. not through any distributor / agent.
- d. Purchases/subscriptions carried out through the Stock Exchange Platform in demat mode.

The statement of account to unit holders will clearly provide details of the net investments as gross subscription amount less transaction charge and the number of units allotted against the net investment.

- b. **Stamp duty** - With effect from July 1, 2020, investments in the mutual fund units would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. Further, stamp duty at the rate of 0.015% shall be applicable on the consideration amount stated in the transfer instrument for off market transfer of units held in demat mode as well units held in physical mode. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time.

For more details on transaction charges and stamp duty, please refer to SAI.

D. ASSOCIATE TRANSACTIONS

For details of Associate transactions including dealing with associate companies, Investors are advised to please refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. TAXATION

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors / authorized dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the Schemes.

Particulars	Investors	Mutual Fund
Tax on Dividend (Income Distribution)		
Specified Mutual Fund (Refer Note 1)	Income distributed would be taxable in the hands of unitholders as per applicable slabs	Resident investor: 10%** tax needs to be deducted on income distributed (not applicable to capital gain) Non-Resident investor: 20%** tax needs to be deducted in case of payment to NRI and Non Domestic company/ Foreign Company
Capital Gain Tax (Specified Mutual Fund (Refer Note 1)):		
1) Short Term	Income tax rate applicable	Resident investor: Nil

	to the Unit holders as per their income slabs**	Non-Resident Investor: 30%**^@ tax needs to be deducted in case of payment to NRI and 40%**@ in case of Non-Domestic company/ Foreign company.
2) Long Term	NA	NA

Note:

1. Section 50AA as introduced by Finance Act, 2023 deems any gains on transfer / redemption of specified mutual funds acquired on or after 1 April 2023 as short-term capital gains. For the purposes of section 50AA, “specified mutual fund” means a mutual fund by whatever name called, where not more than 35 percent of its total proceeds is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies.

2. The Scheme is identified as “Specified Mutual Fund”.

** The above rates need to be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess.

@ Non-resident investors may be eligible for treaty benefit depending upon the facts of the case. The same has not been captured above.

^ Maximum 30 percent as per slab

GOODS AND SERVICE TAX

Goods and Service tax (“GST”) on investment and advisory fees shall be charged to the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of total recurring expenses as permitted under regulation 52 (6) and 52 (6A) of the Regulations. GST on any other fees / expenses shall be borne by the Scheme within the overall limit of the TER. GST shall be levied on the Investment Management & Advisory Fee at the then prevailing GST rate, as per the Taxation Laws in force.

GST on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of exit load proceeds and exit load net of GST, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade, if any, shall be within the limits prescribed under Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.

F. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS -

Please refer to SAI for details.

G. LIST OF OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE:

Please check weblink ([List of Official Point of Acceptance \(OPA\), Collection Bankers etc.](#)) for an updated list of the Official Points of Acceptance of HSBC Mutual Fund. For details on CAMS Service Centres, please visit www.camsonline.com.

H. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY.

1. *All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income /*

revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, monetary penalties exceeding INR 5 Lakhs during the last five years shall be disclosed.

The Sponsor of the Mutual Fund is HSBC Securities and Capital Markets (India) Private Limited (HSCI), a company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Sponsor being an Indian entity, this section is not applicable. Please refer below point.

- 2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of monetary penalties exceeding INR 5 Lakhs imposed and / or action taken during the last five years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and / or the AMC and / or the Board of Trustees / Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last five years shall also be disclosed.**

SEBI had issued a Show Cause Notice dated August 04, 2023 to the AMC & members of Trustees as on that date (hereinafter referred to as “Said Trustees”), alleging violation of Regulation 18(9) of Regulations by the Said Trustees & violation of Clause 5 of the Fifth schedule of Mutual Fund Regulations and Clause 1.3.1 (c) of the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/ CIR/P/2021/683 dated December 10, 2021 by the AMC. The AMC & the Said Trustees have settled the matter with SEBI under SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018, and SEBI vide its settlement order dated May 27, 2024 has disposed of the adjudication proceedings initiated vide Show Cause Notice dated August 04, 2023.

- 3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last five years and / or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and / or suspension and / or cancellation and / or imposition of monetary penalty exceeding INR 5 Lakhs / adjudication / enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and / or the AMC and / or the Board of Trustees / Trustee Company and / or any of the directors and / or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were / are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.**

- The AMC had acquired the entire share capital of L&T Investment Management Limited (“L&T AMC”), the asset management company of erstwhile L&T Mutual Fund, on 25 November 2022 and L&T AMC was subsequently merged into the AMC. Pursuant to the SEBI Inspection of L&T AMC for the period April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2021, SEBI had issued Show Cause Notice (SCN) dated March 20, 2023 & Supplementary SCN dated June 16, 2023 alleging L&T AMC of not complying with SEBI circular No. MFD/CIR/6/73/2000 dated July 27, 2000, Regulation 25(2) and Clause 9 of Fifth Schedule-Part A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Adjudicating Officer (AO) of SEBI vide its order dated August 23, 2023, had disposed of the said SCNs without imposing any penalty. Subsequently, SEBI issued a SCN dated Nov 06, 2023 under Section 15-I(3) of SEBI Act, 1992 calling upon the AMC to show cause as to why the AO order dated Aug 23, 2023 should not be revised under Section 15-I(3) of SEBI Act, 1992.
- SEBI has issued a Show Cause Notice dated January 4, 2024, under Rule 4 of SEBI (Procedure for Holding Inquiry and Imposing Penalties) Rules, 1995 to one of the key employees of the AMC in a matter pertaining to his past employer and along with others, alleging violation of SEBI Regulations. The said key employee has filed a settlement application with SEBI under the SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018.

4. ***Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and / or the AMC and / or the Board of Trustees / Trustee Company and / or any of the directors and / or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.***

Garnishee Notice from Income Tax Authorities:

During the financial year 2011-12, an Income tax demand of Rs. 32.58 crores were purported to be recovered under garnishee proceedings, by Income Tax Authorities in respect of investments made in Pass through Certificates (PTC) by some of the debt schemes (including matured schemes) of HSBC Mutual Fund (HSBC MF), for A.Y. 2009-2010. The said demand, impacting various mutual fund players in the industry, raised originally on the trusts sponsored by IL&FS Trust Company Ltd., (Appellants) was sought to be also recovered u/s 177(3) of the Income Tax Act, from HSBC MF. Similar to AY 2009-10, HSBC MF had received a demand notice from the Income Tax authorities for AY 2010-11 for Rs. 6.95 crores. Further, assessment for the A.Y. 2007-2008 has also been reopened by the Income Tax Authorities and demand of Rs. 2.04 Crores was made on the trust sponsored by IL&FS Trust Company Ltd. HSBC MF has not received any demand notice from the Income Tax authorities for this assessment year. Against all the above demands, an appeal was filed by the Appellant with the first Appellate Authority CIT(A) and thereafter with ITAT. The matter of several Loan Trusts were consolidated and heard by ITAT and vide order dated 17th February 2017, the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT) passed an order allowing the appeal of the assessee and dismissed the appeal of the Revenue. The Department filed Miscellaneous Applications (MA) under section 254(2) of the Income Tax Act with ITAT against the favorable orders passed by ITAT on the ground that the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal has failed to consider all aspects of revenue contentions / appeal. The ITAT has vide its order dated March 25th 2022 dismissed the MA filed by department. An appeal filed by Revenue in the High court against the aforesaid order of February 2017 is pending before High Court.

5. ***Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and / or the AMC and / or the Board of Trustees / Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed.***

There are no deficiencies in the systems and operations of the Sponsor of the Mutual Fund and / or the AMC and / or the Board of Directors of Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency to be disclosed in SID.

The above information has been disclosed in good faith as per the information available to the AMC.

Please refer to the weblink ([Penalties and related disclosures](#)) for updated details of pending litigations.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this SID, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

Notes: Any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI (MF) Regulations subsequent to the date of this SID shall prevail over those specified in this SID.

OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE OF TRANSACTION REQUESTS

HSBC Asset Management (India) Private Limited

CIN : U74140MH2001PTC134220

9-11 Floors, NESCO IT Park, Building No. 3,
Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai 400 063, India

Website : www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in

Description	Investor related queries	Distributor related queries	Online related queries	Investor (Dialing from abroad)
Toll Free Number	1800-4190-200 / 1800-200-2434	1800-419-9800	1800-4190-200 / 1800-200-2434	+91 44 39923900
Email ID	investor.line@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in	partner.line@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in	onlinemf@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in	investor.line@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in

To get your updated account statement email us at : "mfsoa@mutualfunds.hsbc.co.in"

We're always here to help you, so feel free to reach out to us

Self-service request at your Fingertips

- Visit Website • Invest Online • Insta Statement • Download Forms • Transact via Whats App • Use 24/7 ChatBot - Ask Me



Remember, you can also find out more via our social media handles !



Please check our website www.assetmanagement.hsbc.co.in for an updated list of Official Points of Acceptance of HSBC Mutual Fund.

CAMS SERVICE CENTRES / CAMS LIMITED TRANSACTION POINTS / CAMS COLLECTION CENTRES

For details on CAMS Service Centres, please visit www.camsonline.com